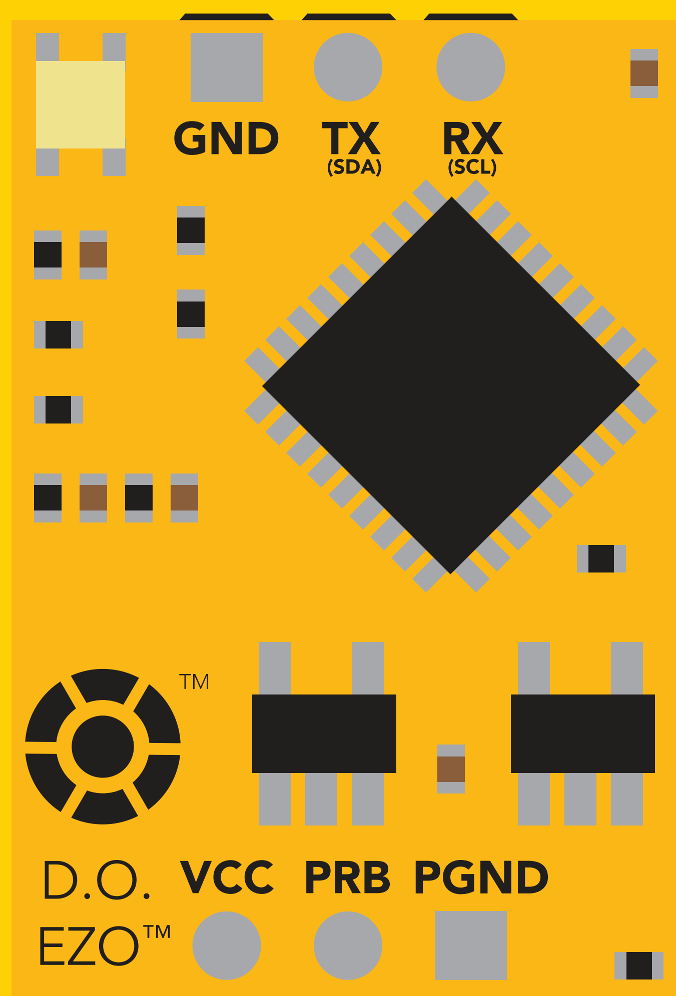
AtlasScientific™
Environmental Robotics

V 4.2

Revised 2/16/18

Dissolved Oxygen EZO™ Circuit

Reads	**Dissolved Oxygen**
Range	**0.01 – 100+ mg/L** **0.1 – 400+ % saturation**
Accuracy	**+/– 0.05 mg/L**
Max rate	**1 reading per sec**
Supported probes	**Any galvanic probe**
Calibration	**1 or 2 point**
Temperature, salinity and pressure compensation	**Yes**
Data protocol	**UART & I²C**
Default I²C address	**97 (0x61)**
Operating voltage	**3.3V – 5V**
Data format	**ASCII**



PATENT PROTECTED

Written by Jordan Press
Designed by Noah Press

This is an evolving document, check back for updates.

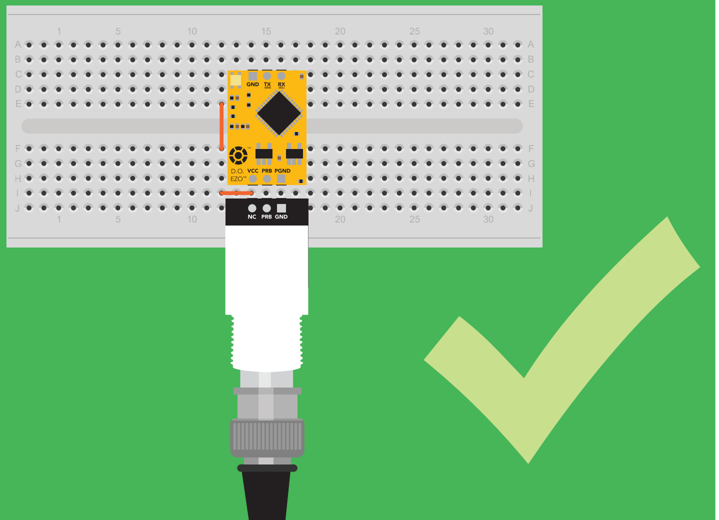
STOP

SOLDERING THIS DEVICE VOIDS YOUR WARRANTY.

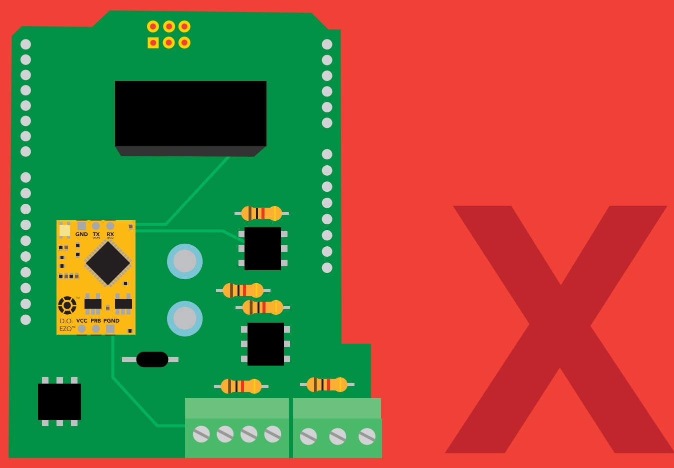
This is sensitive electronic equipment. Get this device working in a solderless breadboard first. Once this device has been soldered it is no longer covered by our warranty.

This device has been designed to be soldered and can be soldered at any time. Once that decision has been made, Atlas Scientific no longer assumes responsibility for the device's continued operation. The embedded systems engineer is now the responsible party.

Get this device working in a solderless breadboard first!



Do not embed this device without testing it in a solderless breadboard!



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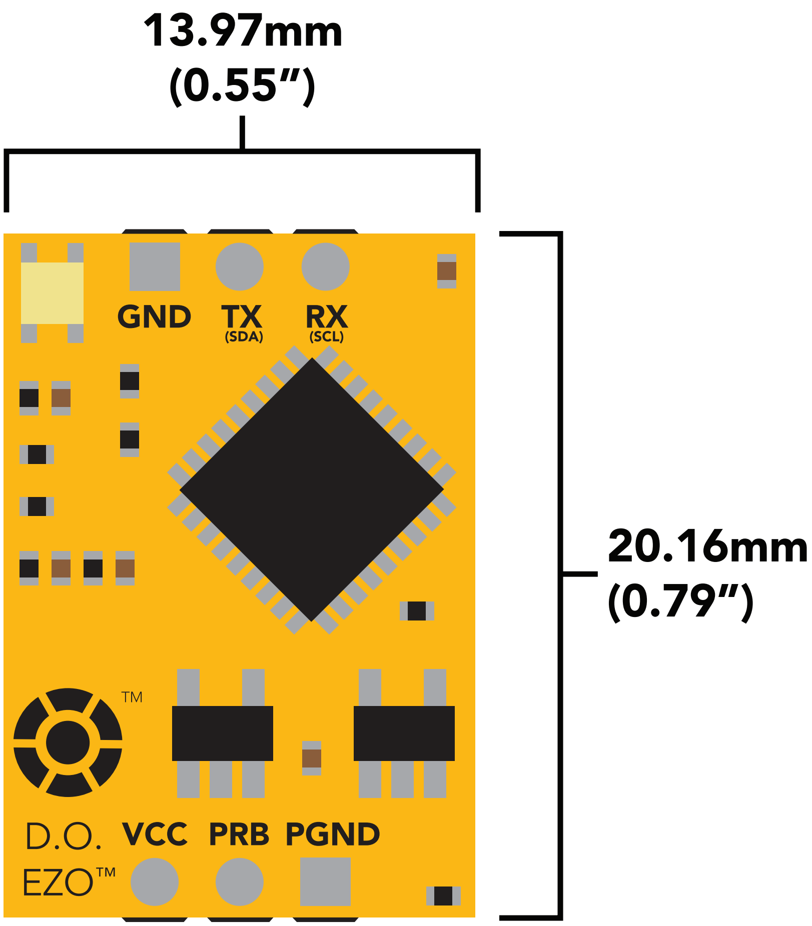
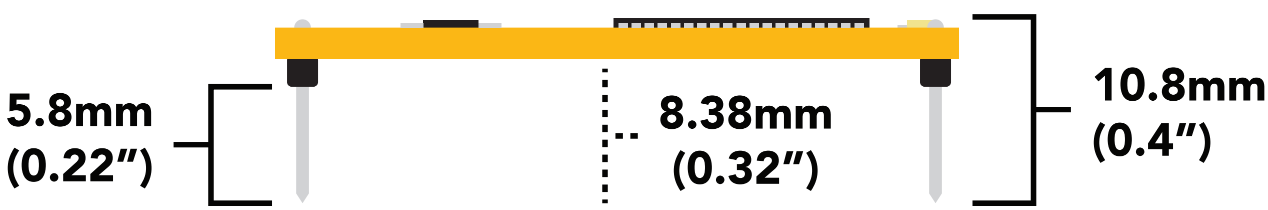
UART

I²C

EZO™ circuit dimensions





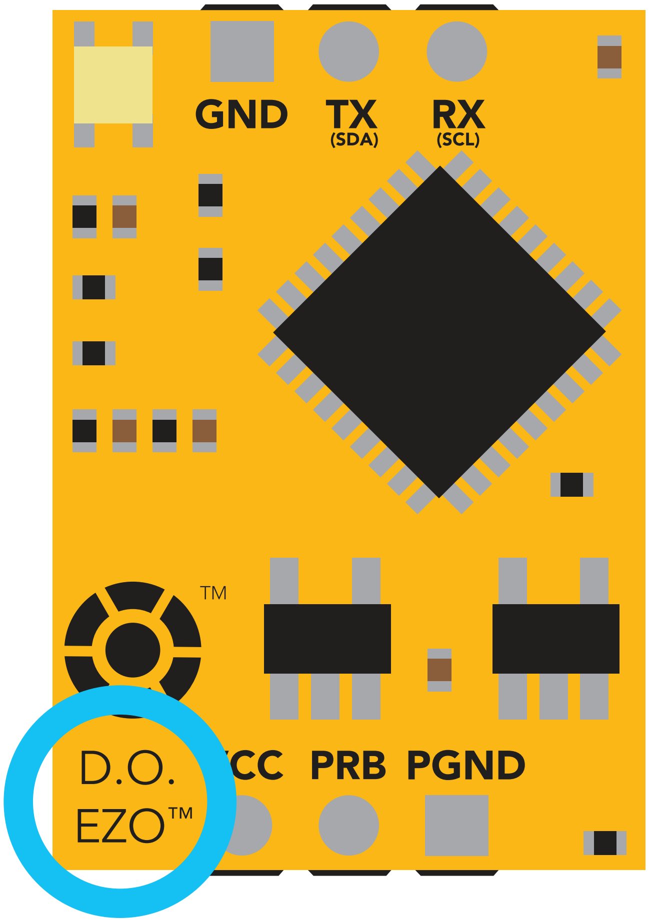
Power consumption

	LED	MAX	STANDBY	SLEEP
5V	ON	13.5 mA	13.1 mA	0.66 mA
	OFF	12.7 mA	12.7 mA	
3.3V	ON	12.1 mA	12 mA	0.3 mA
	OFF	11.9 mA	11.9 mA	

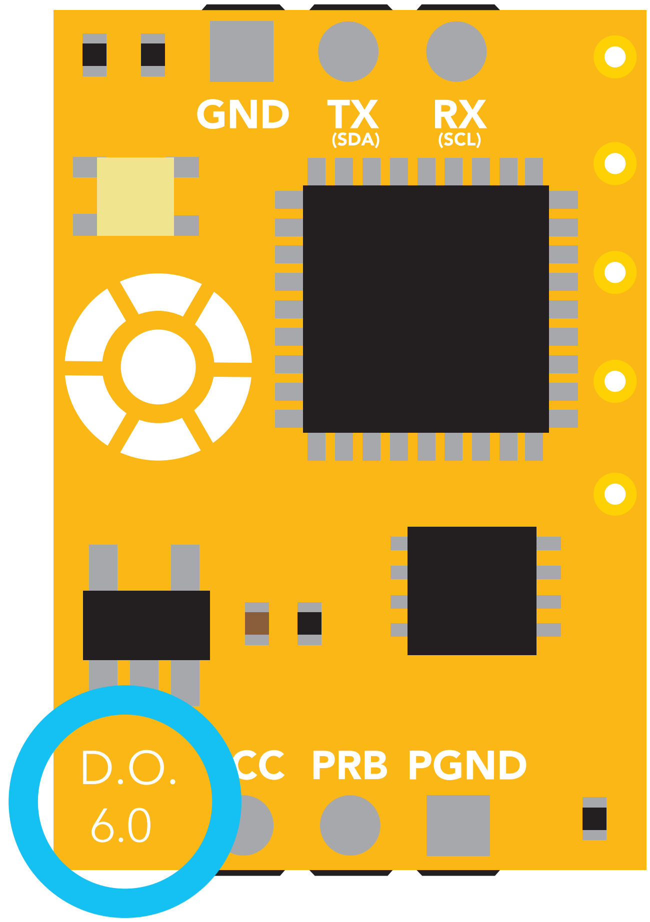
Absolute max ratings

Parameter	**MIN**	**TYP**	**MAX**
Storage temperature (EZO™ D.O.)	-65 °C		125 °C
Operational temperature (EZO™ D.O.)	-40 °C	25 °C	85 °C
VCC	3.3V	5V	5.5V

EZO™ circuit identification



EZO™ Dissolved Oxygen circuit



Legacy Dissolved Oxygen circuit

Viewing correct datasheet

Viewing incorrect datasheet

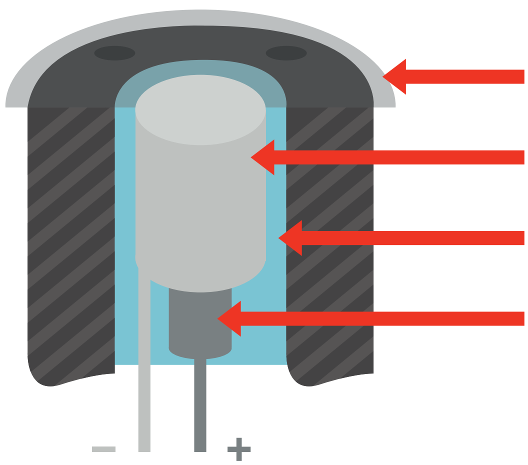
Click here to view legacy datasheet

Operating principle

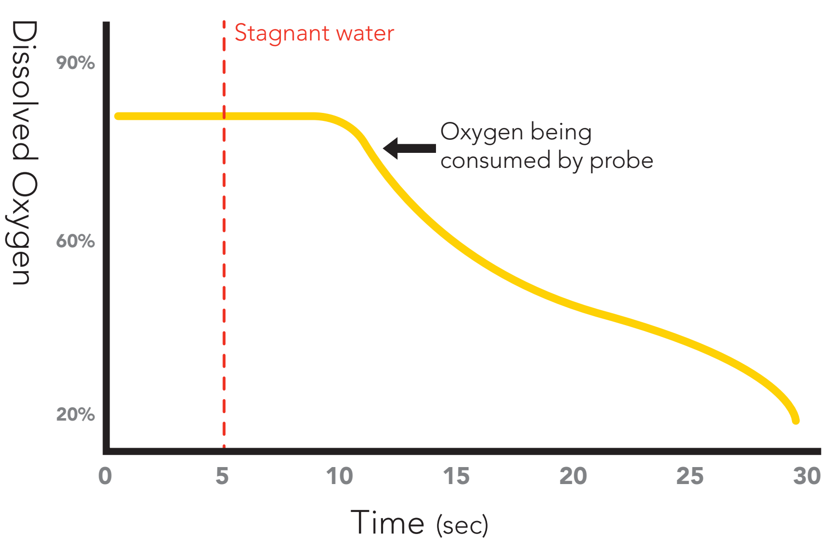
The Atlas Scientific™ EZO™ Dissolved Oxygen circuit works with:

✗ **Optical probe**	Slow response, requires external power, expensive.
✗ **Polar Graphic probe**	Requires external power, output in µA.
✓ **Galvanic probe**	Requires no external power, output in mV.

A galvanic dissolved oxygen probe consists of a Polytetrafluoroethylene membrane, an anode bathed in an electrolyte and a cathode. Oxygen molecules defuse through the probes membrane at a constant rate (without the membrane the reaction happens to quickly). Once the oxygen molecules have crossed the membrane they are reduced at the cathode and a small voltage is produced. If no oxygen molecules are present, the probe will output 0 mV. As the oxygen increases so does the mV output from the probe. Each probe will output a different voltage in the presence of oxygen. The only thing that is constant is that **0mV = 0 Oxygen**. (A galvanic dissolved oxygen probe can also be used to detect the Oxygen content in gases).



Flow Dependence



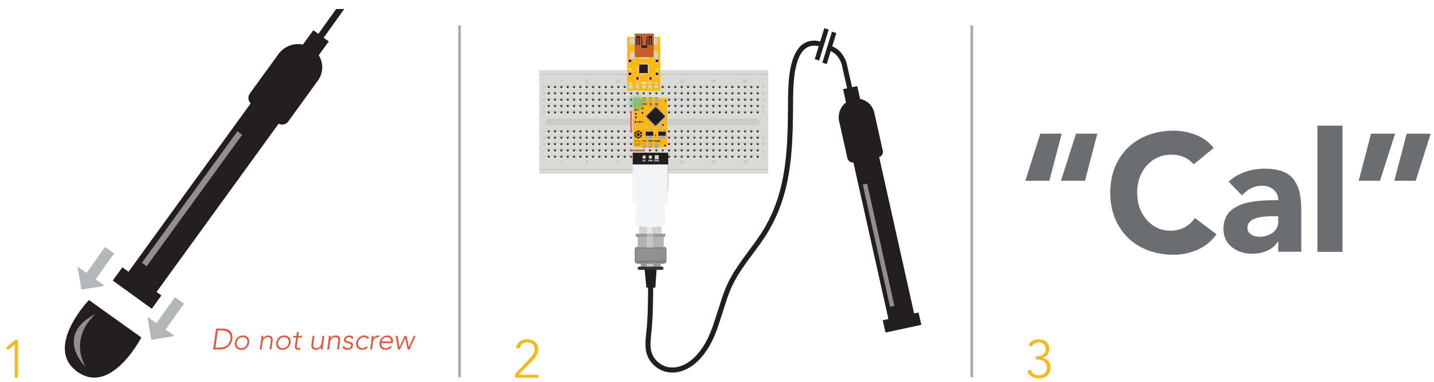
One of the drawbacks from using a galvanic probe is that it consumes a ***VERY*** small amount of the oxygen it reads. Therefore, a small amount of water movement is necessary to take accurate readings. **Approximately 60 ml/min**.

Calibration theory

Calibrate first, compensate later.
Temperature, salinity and pressure compensation values have no effect on calibration.

The Atlas Scientific EZO™ Dissolved Oxygen circuit, has a flexible calibration protocol, allowing for ***single point*** or ***dual point*** calibration.

Single point calibration

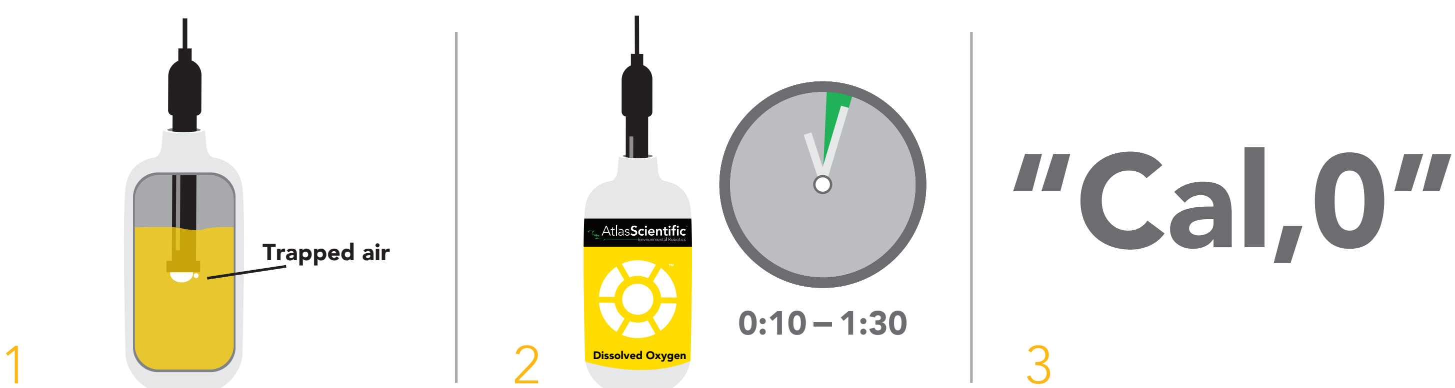


1. Pull off and discard cap from the Dissolved Oxygen probe. *(only used to protect probe during shipping)*
2. Let the Dissolved Oxygen probe sit, exposed to air untill readings stabalize *(5–30 sec)*.
3. Calibrate using the command "Cal".
4. After calibration is complete, you should see readings **~9.09 – 9.1Xmg/L**.
   (only if temperature, salinity and pressure compensation are at default values)

Dual point calibration *(optional)*

Only perform this calibration if you require accurate readings *below* 1.0 mg/L

After you have calibrated using the command "Cal"



1. Stir probe in Zero D.O. calibration solution to remove trapped air, *(which could cause readings to go high)*.
2. Let the probe sit in Zero D.O. calibration solution untill readings stabalize *(0:10 – 1:30)*.
3. Calibrate using the command "Cal,0".

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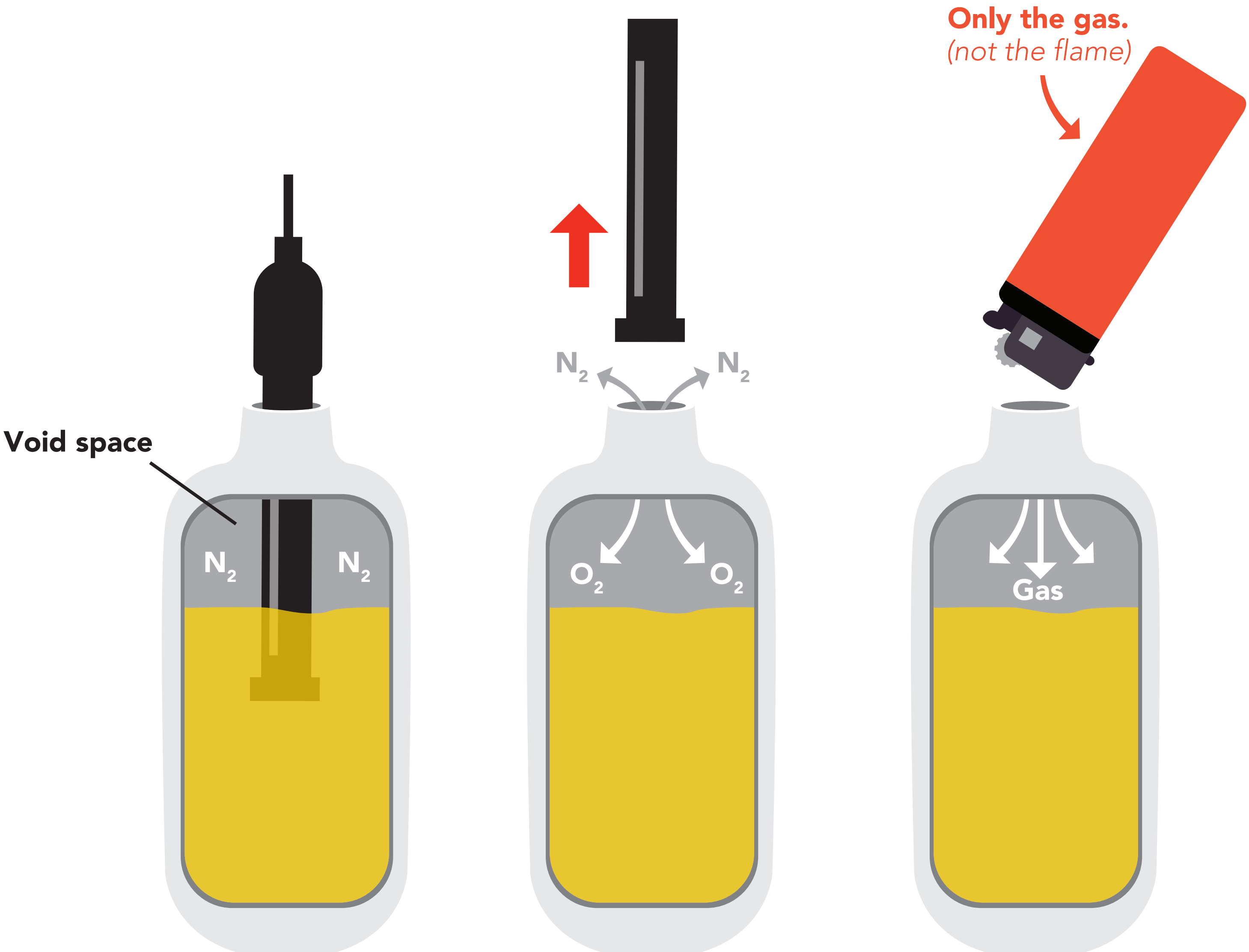
How to preserve the Zero D.O. calibration solution

Oxygen is everywhere. The Zero D.O. calibration solution has been designed to chemically absorb oxygen. Once the bottle has been opened the test solution has been exposed to oxygen and will slowly stop working.



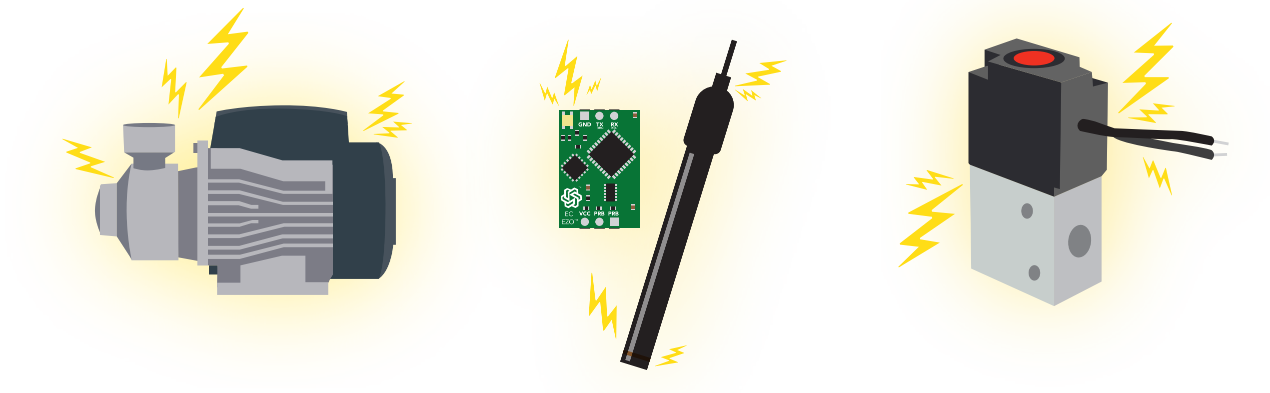
Inside each bottle of the calibration solution is a small amount of nitrogen gas that helps displace oxygen out of the bottle during the filling process. When the Dissolved Oxygen probe is removed from the bottle, oxygen will enter the bottle and begin to dissolve into the solution.

In order slow down this process, fill the void space of the bottle with any gas *(other than oxygen)* to preserve the calibration solution. Gas from a lighter works great if other gases are currently unbtainable.

Power and data isolation

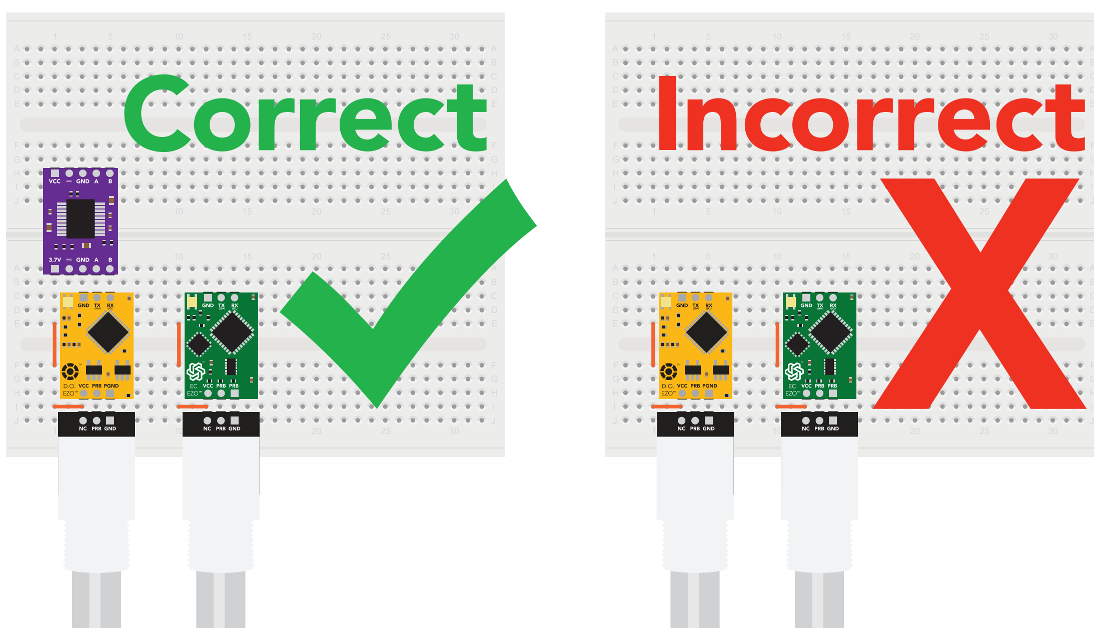
The Atlas Scientific EZO™ Dissolved Oxygen circuit is a very sensitive device. This sensitivity is what gives the Dissolved Oxygen circuit its accuracy. This also means that the Dissolved Oxygen circuit is capable of reading micro-voltages that are bleeding into the water from unnatural sources such as pumps, solenoid valves or other probes/sensors.

When electrical noise is interfering with the Dissolved Oxygen readings it is common to see rapidly fluctuating readings or readings that are consistently off. To verify that electrical noise is causing inaccurate readings, place the Dissolved Oxygen probe in a cup of water by itself. The readings should stabilize quickly, confirming that electrical noise was the issue.



When reading Dissolved Oxygen and Conductivity together, it is ***strongly recommended*** that the EZO™ Dissolved Oxygen circuit is electrically isolated from the EZO™ Conductivity circuit.

Basic EZO™
Inline Voltage Isolator

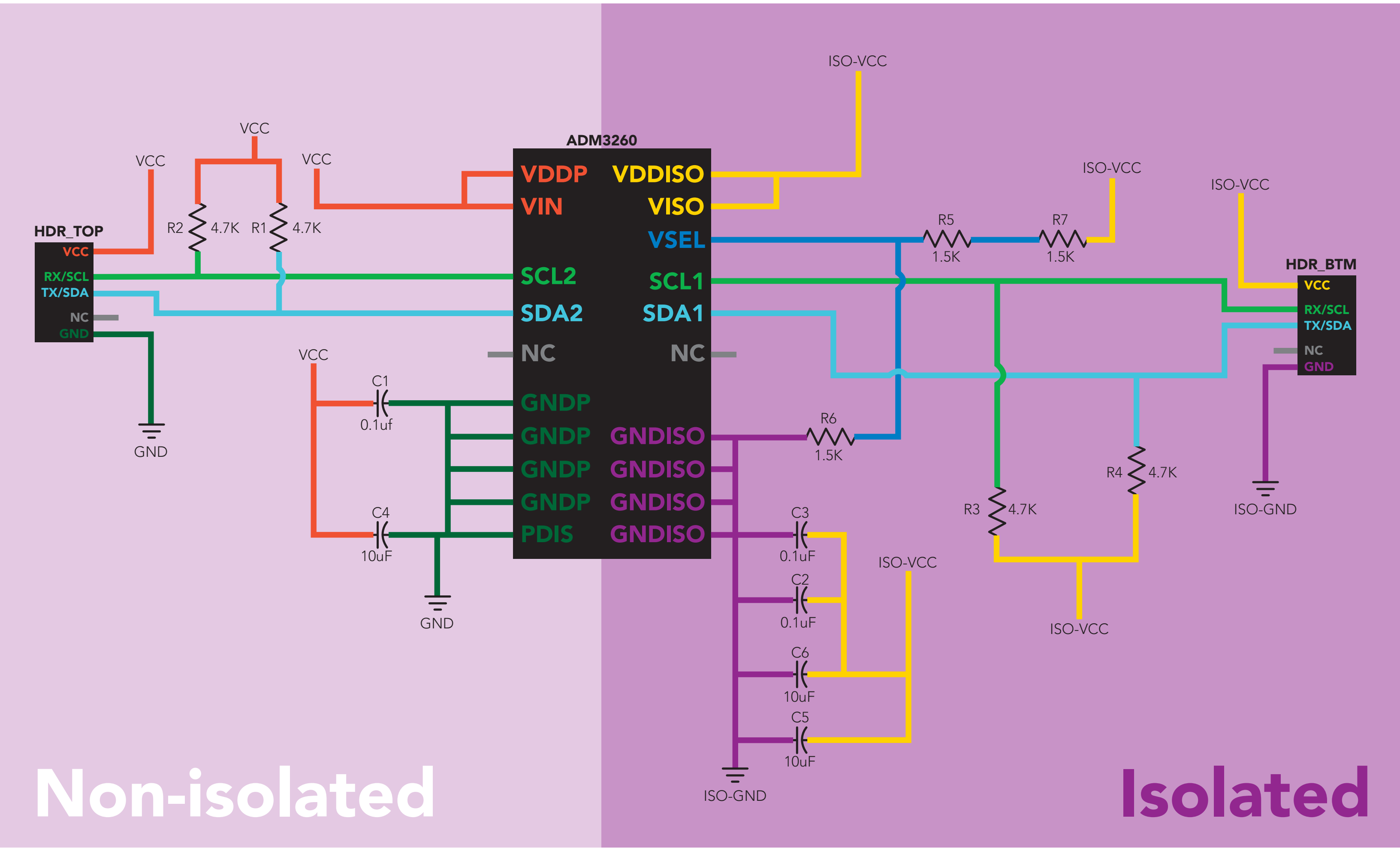


Without isolation, Conductivity readings will effect Dissolved Oxygen accuracy.

This schematic shows exactly how we isolate data and power using the *ADM3260* and a few passive components. The ADM3260 can output isolated power up to 150 mW and incorporates two bidirectional data channels.

This technology works by using tiny transformers to induce the voltage across an air gap. PCB layout requires special attention for EMI/EMC and RF Control, having proper ground planes and keeping the capacitors as close to the chip as possible are crucial for proper performance. The two data channels have a 4.7kΩ pull up resistor on both the isolated and non-isolated lines (R1, R2, R3, and R4) The output voltage is set using a voltage divider (R5, R6, and R,7) this produces a voltage of 3.7V regardless of your input voltage.

Isolated ground is different from non-isolated ground, these two lines should not be connected together.



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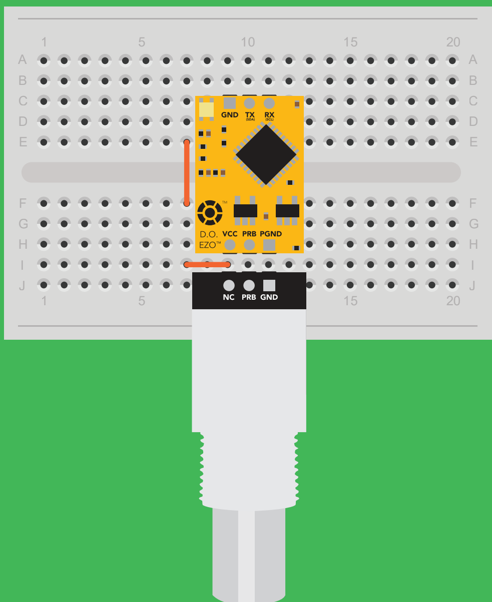
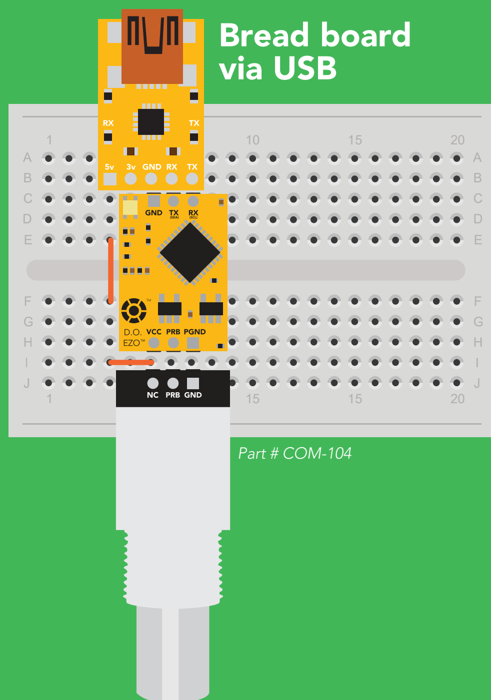
✓ Correct wiring

Bread board

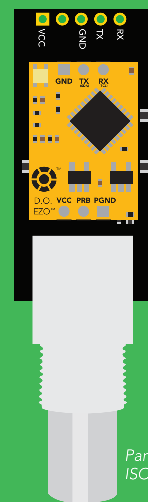


Bread board via USB



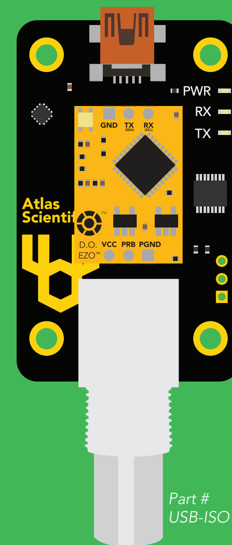
Part # COM-104

Carrier board



Part # ISCCB

USB carrier board

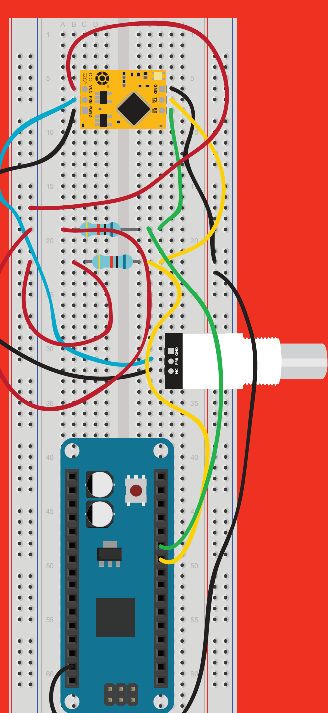


Part # USB-ISO

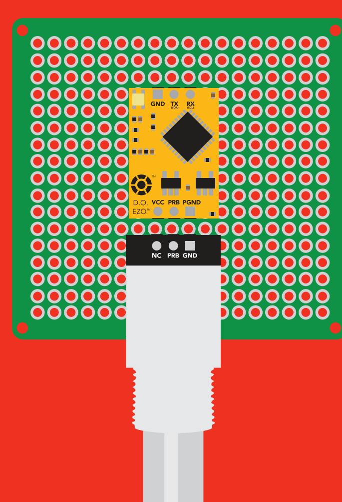
X Incorrect wiring

Extended leads

Sloppy setup

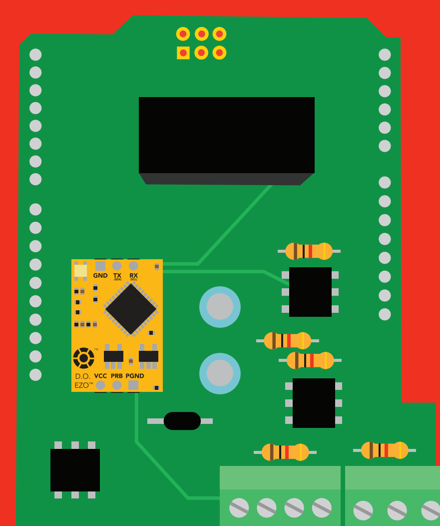


Perfboards or Protoboards



NEVER use Perfboards or Protoboards

*Embedded into your device



***Only after you are familar with EZO™ circuits operation**

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Available data protocols

UART

Default

I²C

Unavailable data protocols

SPI

Analog

RS-485

Mod Bus

4–20mA

UART mode

Settings that are retained if power is cut	Settings that are ***NOT*** retained if power is cut
Baud rate	Find
Calibration	Pressure compensation
Continuous mode	Salinity compensation
Device name	Sleep mode
Enable/disable parameters	Temperature compensation
Enable/disable response codes	
Hardware switch to I^2C mode	
LED control	
Protocol lock	
Software switch to I^2C mode	

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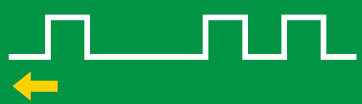
UART mode

8 data bits
1 stop bit
no parity
no flow control

Baud

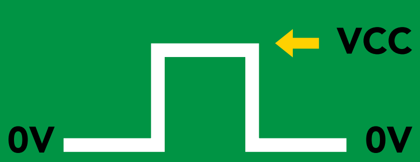
- 300
- 1,200
- 2,400
- 9,600 default
- 19,200
- 38,400
- 57,600
- 115,200

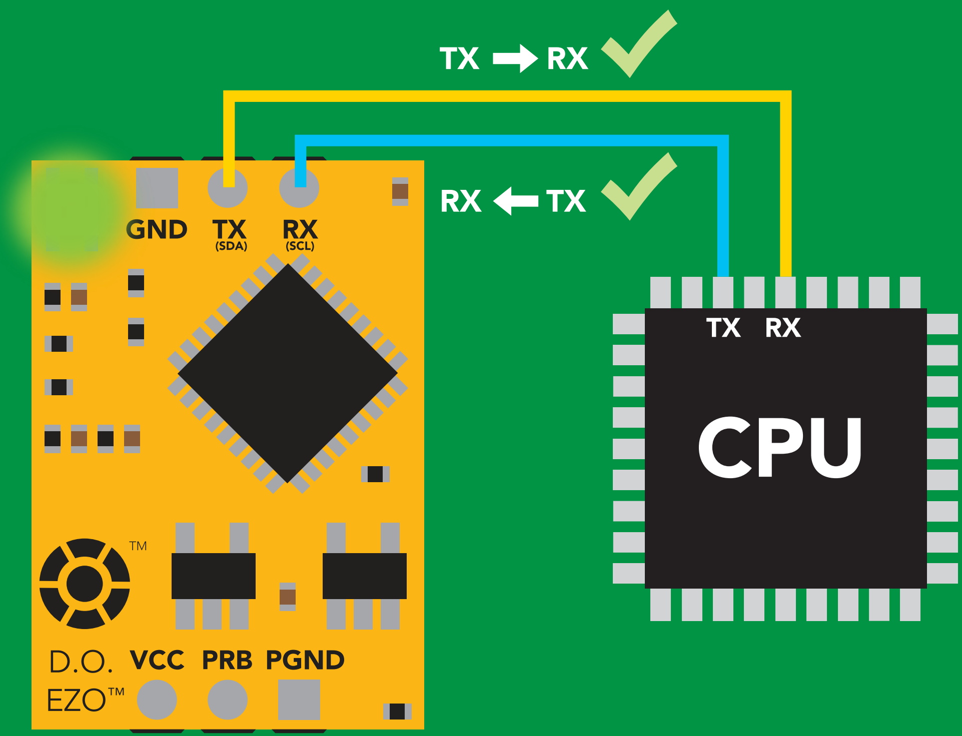
RX
Data in



TX
Data out

Vcc 3.3V – 5.5V



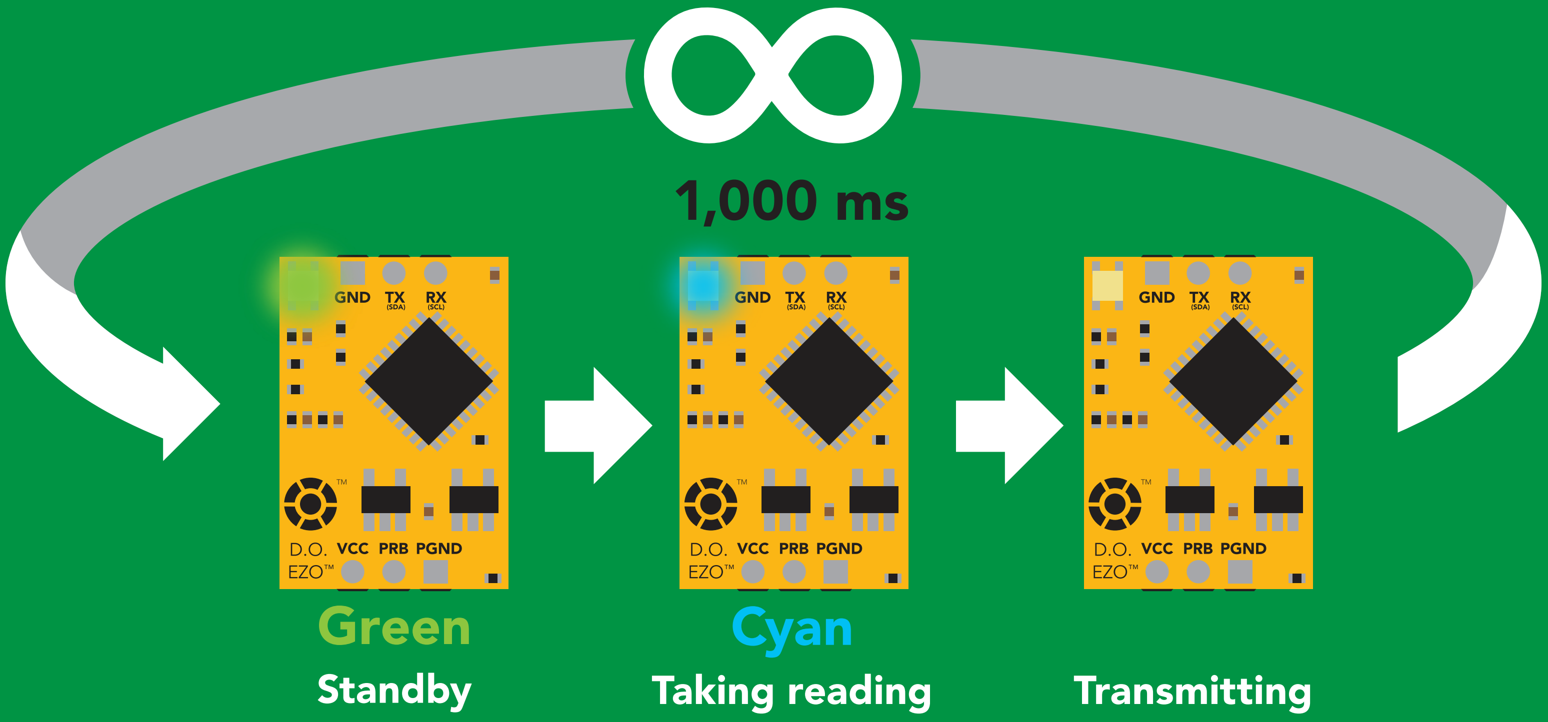


Data format

Reading	D.O.
Units	mg/L & (% sat) when enabled
Encoding	ASCII
Format	string (CSV string when % sat is enabled)
Terminator	carriage return
Data type	floating point
Decimal places	mg/L = 2 % sat = 1
Smallest string	4 characters
Largest string	16 characters

Default state

Mode	UART
Baud	9,600
Readings	continuous
Speed	1 reading per second
Temperature compensation	20 °C
Salinity compensation	0 (Fresh water)
Pressure compensation	101.3 kPa (Sea level)
LED	on



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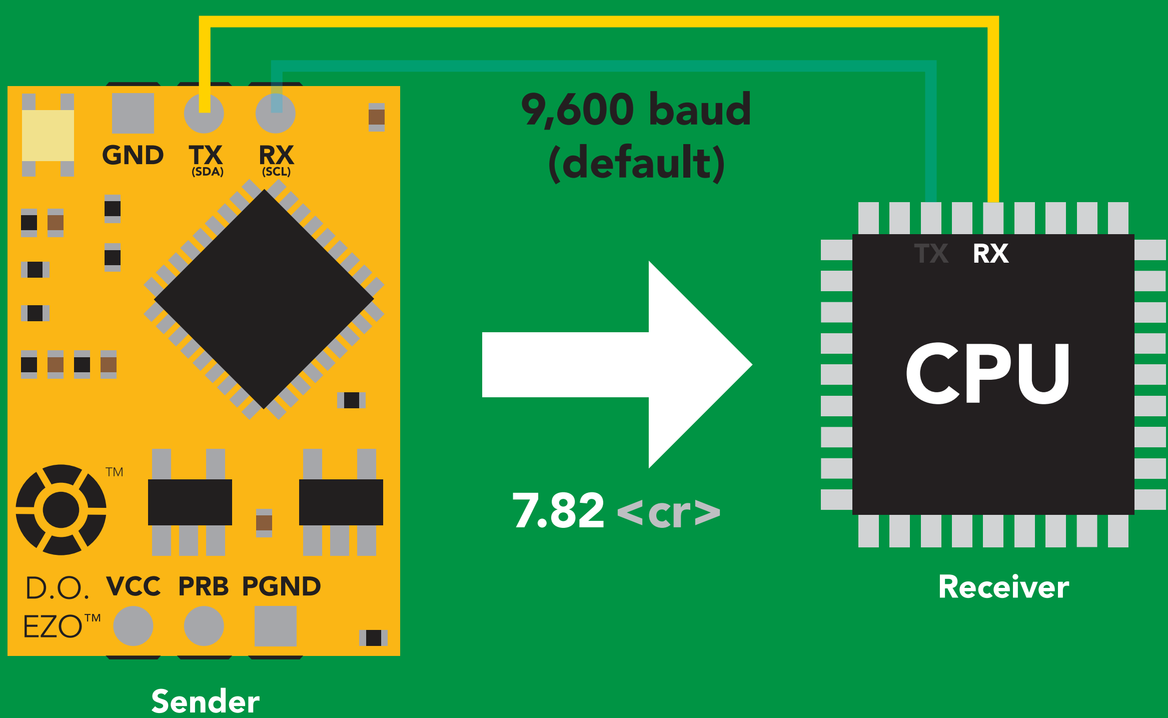
Receiving data from device

2 parts

ASCII data string — Command

Carriage return <cr> — Terminator



Advanced

ASCII:	7	.	8	2	<cr>
Hex:	37	2E	38	32	0D
Dec:	55	46	56	50	13

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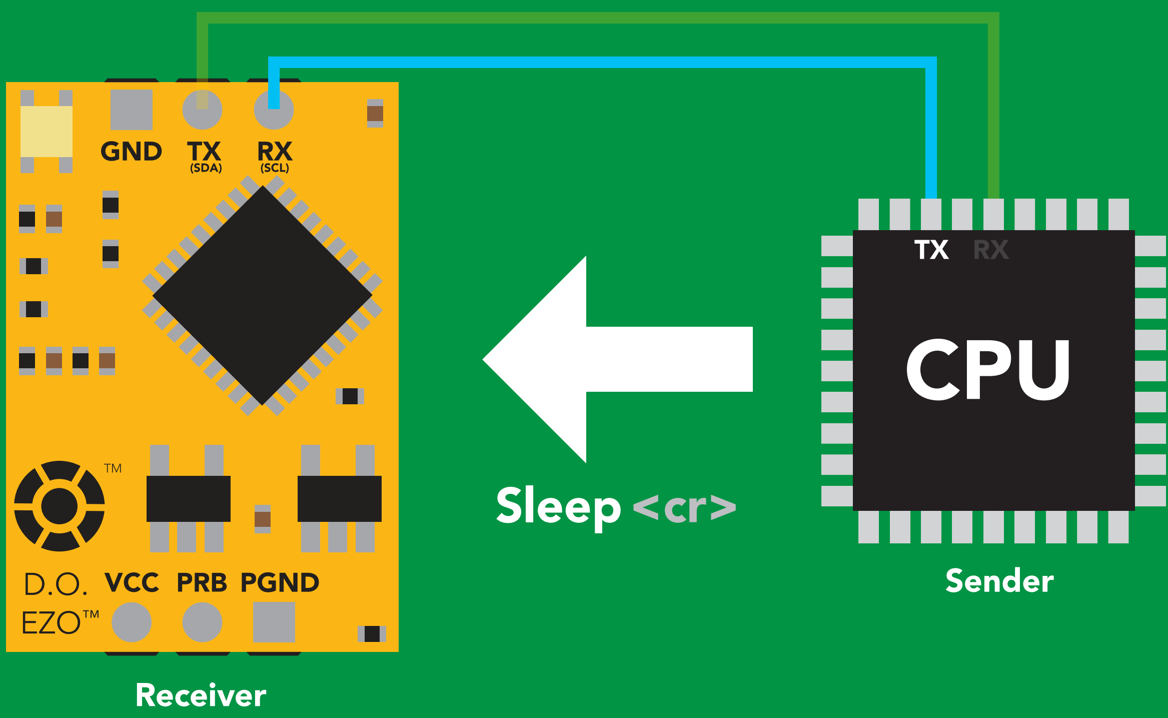
Sending commands to device

2 parts

Command (not case sensitive)	Carriage return <cr>
ASCII data string	Terminator



Advanced

ASCII:	S	l	e	e	p	<cr>
Hex:	53	6C	65	65	70	0D
Dec:	83	108	101	101	112	13

LED color definition

Green
UART standby

Cyan
Taking reading

Purple
Changing baud rate

Red
Command not understood

White
Find

	LED ON
5V	+0.4 mA
3.3V	+0.2 mA

UART mode

command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function		Default state
Baud	change baud rate	pg. 35	9,600
C	enable/disable continuous reading	pg. 22	enabled
Cal	performs calibration	pg. 24	n/a
Export/import	export/import calibration	pg. 25	n/a
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 37	n/a
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	pg. 21	n/a
i	device information	pg. 31	n/a
I2C	change to I^2C mode	pg. 38	not set
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 20	enabled
Name	set/show name of device	pg. 30	not set
O	enable/disable parameters	pg. 29	mg/L
P	pressure compensation	pg. 28	101.3 kPa
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 36	disabled
R	returns a single reading	pg. 23	n/a
S	salinity compensation	pg. 27	n/a
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 34	n/a
Status	retrieve status information	pg. 33	n/a
T	temperature compensation	pg. 26	20˚C
*OK	enable/disable response codes	pg. 32	enable

LED control

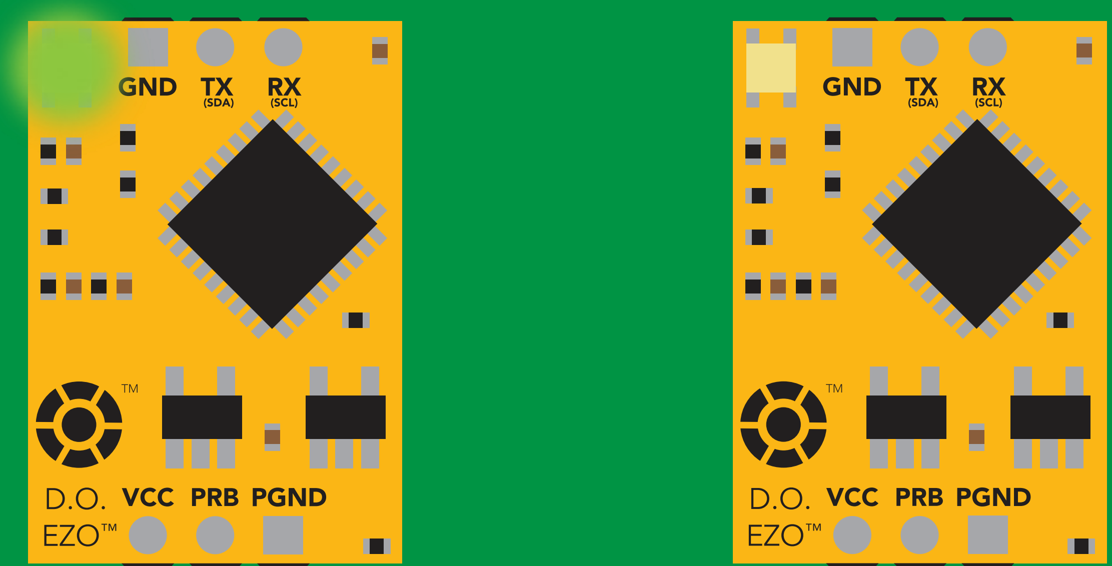
Command syntax

L,1 <cr> **LED on** **default**

L,0 <cr> **LED off**

L,? <cr> **LED state on/off?**

Example	Response
L,1 <cr>	*OK <cr>
L,0 <cr>	*OK <cr>
L,? <cr>	?L,1 <cr> or ?L,0 <cr> *OK <cr>



L,1 L,0

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r 0.1

Find

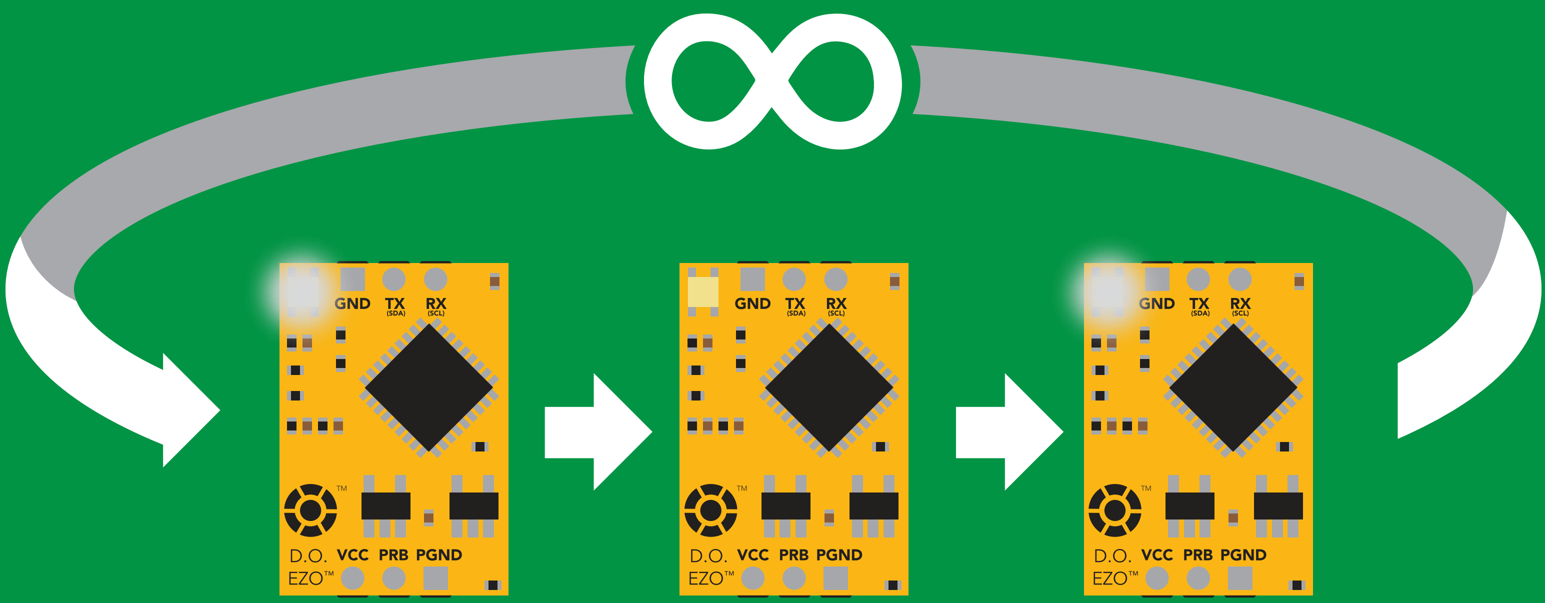
Command syntax

This command will disable continuous mode
Send any character or command to terminate find.

Find <cr> LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device*

*This command is only available for firmware version 2.10 and above.

Example	Response
Find <cr>	*OK <cr>



Continuous reading mode

Command syntax

C,1	<cr>	enable continuous readings once per second **default**
C,n	<cr>	continuous readings every n seconds (n = 2 to 99 sec)*
C,0	<cr>	disable continuous readings
C,?	<cr>	continuous reading mode on/off?

*This command is only available for firmware version 2.10 and above.

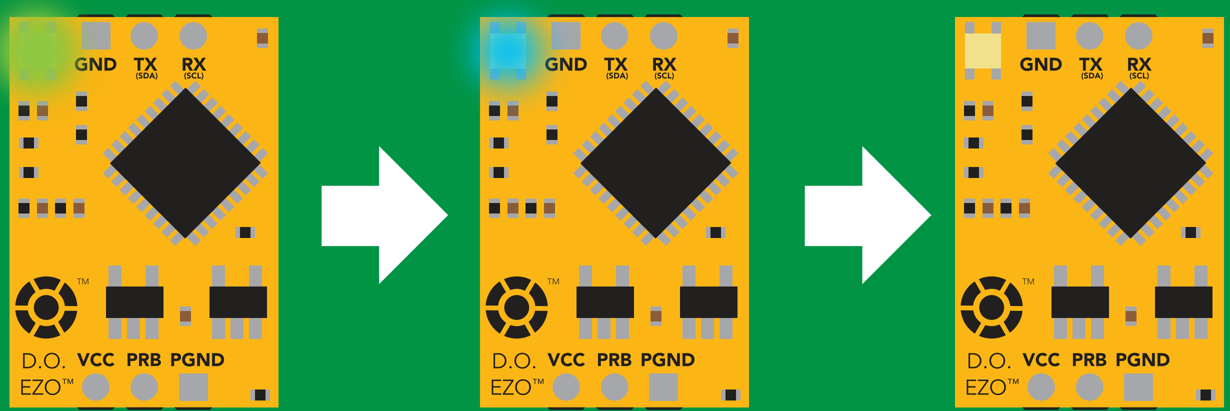
Example	Response
C,1 <cr>	*OK <cr> DO (1 sec) <cr> DO (2 sec) <cr> DO (3 sec) <cr>
C,30 <cr>	*OK <cr> DO (30 sec) <cr> DO (60 sec) <cr> DO (90 sec) <cr>
C,0 <cr>	*OK <cr>
C,? <cr>	?C,1 <cr> or ?C,0 <cr> or ?C,30 <cr> *OK <cr>

Single reading mode

Command syntax

R <cr> **takes single reading**

Example	Response
R <cr>	7.82 <cr> *OK <cr>



Green Standby

Cyan Taking reading

Transmitting

600 ms

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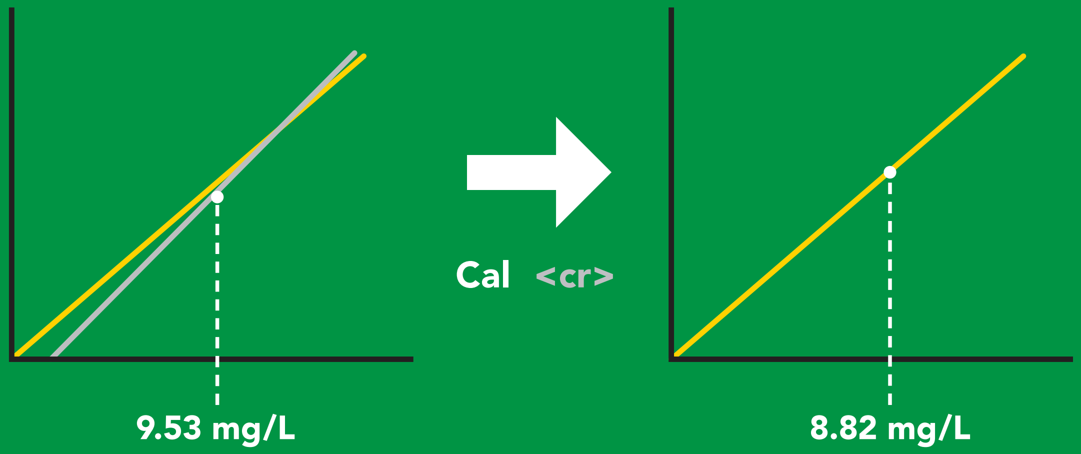
Calibration

Command syntax

The EZO™ Dissolved Oxygen circuit uses single and/or two point calibration

Cal	<cr>	calibrate to atmospheric oxygen levels
Cal,0	<cr>	calibrate device to 0 dissolved oxygen
Cal,clear	<cr>	delete calibration data
Cal,?	<cr>	device calibrated?

Example	Response
Cal <cr>	*OK <cr>
Cal,0 <cr>	*OK <cr>
Cal,clear <cr>	*OK <cr>
Cal,? <cr>	?Cal,0 <cr> or ?Cal,1 <cr> (single point) or ?Cal,2 <cr> (two point) *OK <cr>



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Export/import calibration

Command syntax

Export: Use this command to save calibration settings
Import: Use this command to load calibration settings to one or more devices.

Export	<cr>	export calibration string from calibrated device*
Import	<cr>	import calibration string to new device*
Export,?	<cr>	calibration string info*

*This command is only available for firmware version 2.10 and above.

Example	Response
Export,? <cr>	**10,120** <cr> **Response breakdown** **10,** ← # of strings to export **120** ← # of bytes to export Export strings can be up to 12 characters long, and is always followed by <cr>
Export <cr>	**59 6F 75 20 61 72** <cr> **(1 of 10)** **Export** <cr> **65 20 61 20 63 6F** <cr> **(2 of 10)** **Export** <cr> **6F 6C 20 67 75 79** <cr> **(3 of 10)** **...** Disabling *OK simplifies this process
Import, n (FIFO)	**Import, 59 6F 75 20 61 72** <cr> **(1 of 10)** **...**

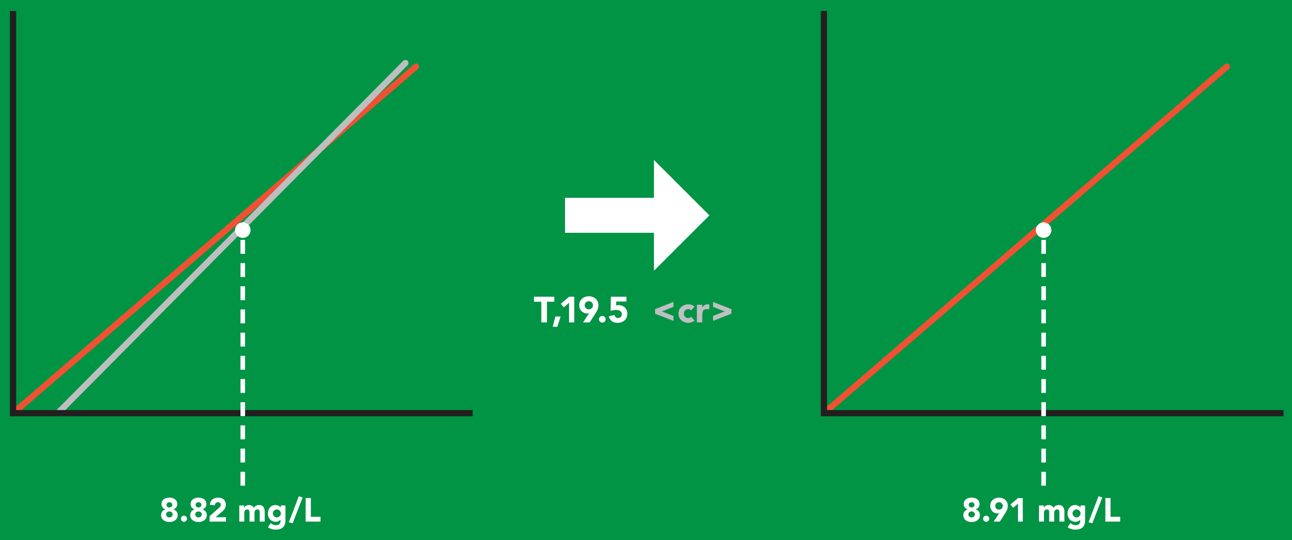
Temperature compensation

Command syntax

Default temperature = 20°C
Temperature is always in Celsius

T,n	<cr>	n = any value; floating point or int
T,?	<cr>	compensated temperature value?

Example	Response
T,19.5 <cr>	*OK <cr>
T,? <cr>	?T,19.5 <cr> *OK <cr>



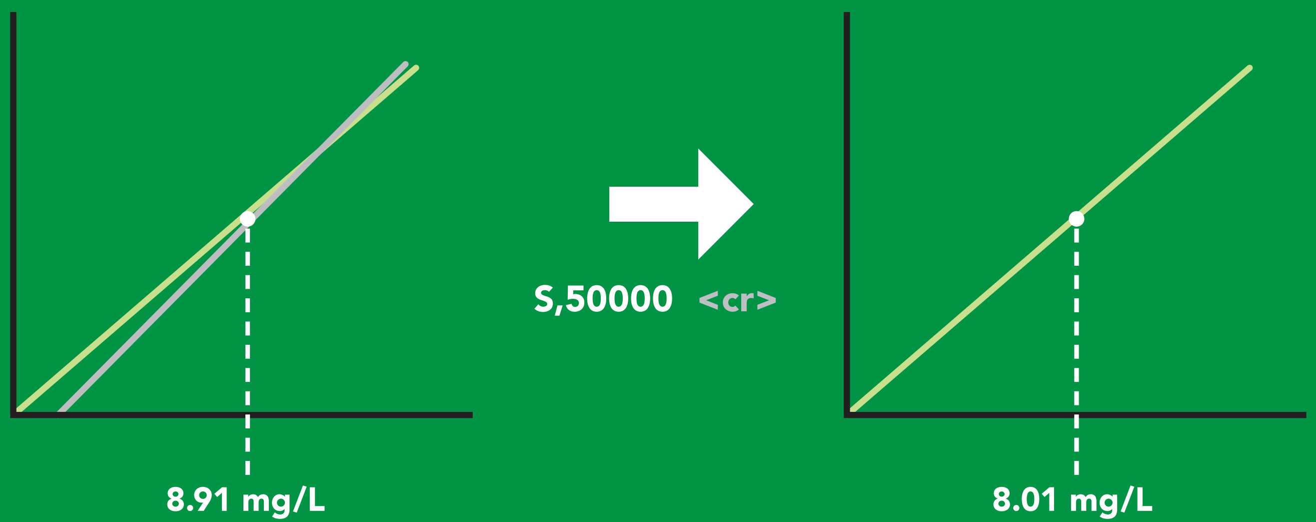
Salinity compensation

Command syntax

Default value = 0 µs
If the conductivity of your water is less than 2,500µS this command is irrelevant

S,n	<cr>	n = any value in microsiemens
S,n,ppt	<cr>	n = any value in ppt
S,?	<cr>	compensated salinity value?

Example	Response
S,50000 <cr>	*OK <cr>
S,37.5,ppt <cr>	*OK <cr>
S,? <cr>	?S,50000,µS <cr> or ?S,37.5,ppt <cr> *OK <cr>



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Pressure compensation

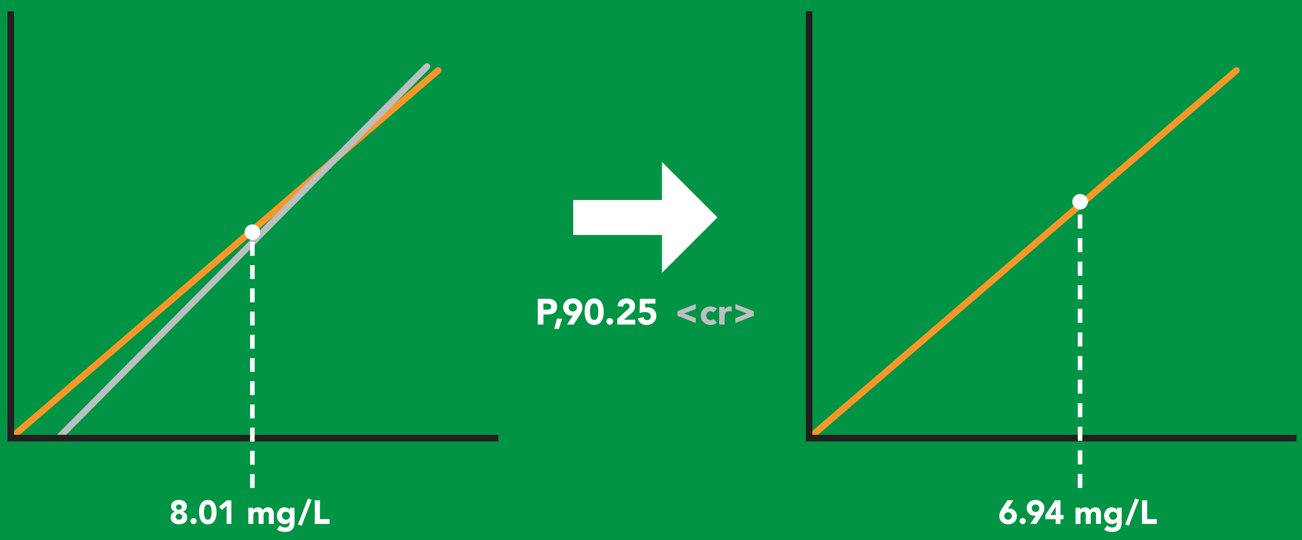
Default value = 101.3 kPa
This parameter can be omitted if the water is less than 10 meters deep

Command syntax

P,n <cr> n = any value in kPa

P,? <cr> compensated pressure value?

Example	Response
P,90.25 <cr>	*OK <cr>
P,? <cr>	?,P,90.25 <cr> *OK <cr>



Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

O, [parameter],[1,0]	<cr>	enable or disable output parameter
O,?	<cr>	enabled parameter?

Example	Response
O,mg,1 / O,mg,0 <cr>	*OK <cr> enable / disable mg/L
O,%,1 / O,%,0 <cr>	*OK <cr> enable / disable percent saturation
O,? <cr>	?,O,%,mg <cr> if both are enabled

Parameters

mg	mg/L
%	percent saturation

Followed by 1 or 0

1	enabled
0	disabled

*** If you disable all possible data types your readings will display "no output".**

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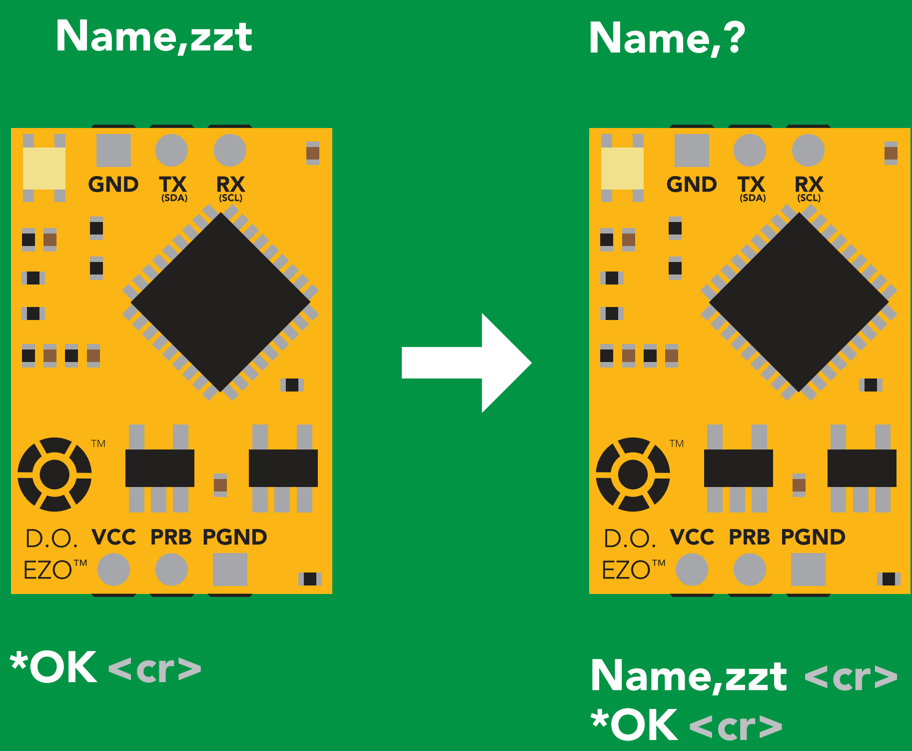
Naming device

Command syntax

Name,n <cr>	set name	n = _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ (1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16)
Name,? <cr>	show name	

Up to 16 ASCII characters

Example	Response
Name,zzt <cr>	*OK <cr>
Name,? <cr>	?Name,zzt <cr> *OK <cr>



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Device information

Command syntax

i <cr> **device information**

Example	Response
i <cr>	?i,D.O.,1.98 <cr> *OK <cr>

Response breakdown

?i, D.O., 1.98

D.O. → Device

1.98 → Firmware

Response codes

Command syntax

*OK,1	<cr>	enable response	default
*OK,0	<cr>	disable response	
*OK,?	<cr>	response on/off?	

Example	Response
R <cr>	7.82 <cr> *OK <cr>
*OK,0 <cr>	no response, *OK disabled
R <cr>	7.82 <cr> *OK disabled
*OK,? <cr>	?*OK,1 <cr> or ?*OK,0 <cr>

Other response codes

*ER	unknown command
*OV	over volt (VCC>=5.5V)
*UV	under volt (VCC<=3.1V)
*RS	reset
*RE	boot up complete, ready
*SL	entering sleep mode
*WA	wake up

These response codes cannot be disabled

Reading device status

Command syntax

Status <cr> voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart

Example	Response
Status <cr>	?Status,P,5.038 <cr> *OK <cr>

Response breakdown

?Status, P, 5.038

P = Reason for restart

5.038 = Voltage at Vcc

Restart codes

P	powered off
S	software reset
B	brown out
W	watchdog
U	unknown

Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax

Send any character or command to awaken device.

Sleep <cr> **enter sleep mode/low power**

Example	Response
Sleep <cr>	*SL
Any command	*WA <cr> wakes up device

	STANDBY	SLEEP
5V	13.1 mA	0.66 mA
3.3V	12 mA	0.3 mA

Standby
13.1 mA

Sleep
0.66 mA

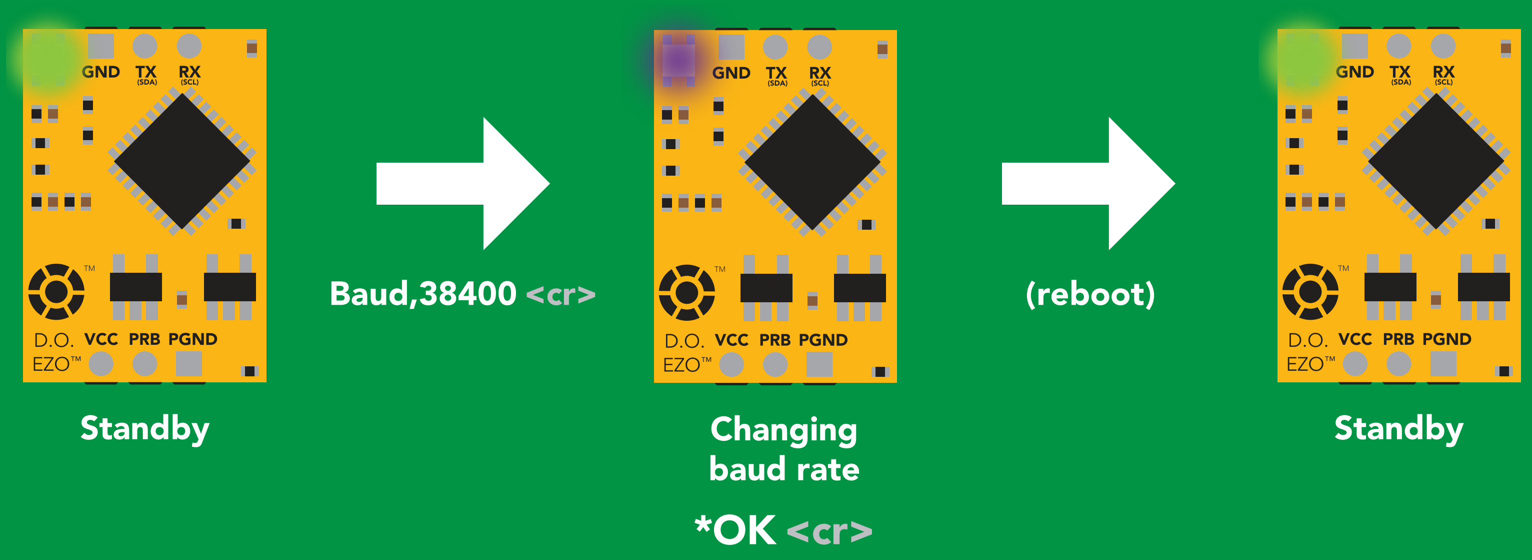
Change baud rate

Command syntax

Baud,n <cr> **change baud rate**

Example	Response
Baud,38400 <cr>	*OK <cr>
Baud,? <cr>	?Baud,38400 <cr> *OK <cr>

n =
- 300
- 1200
- 2400
- **9600 default**
- 19200
- 38400
- 57600
- 115200



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Protocol lock

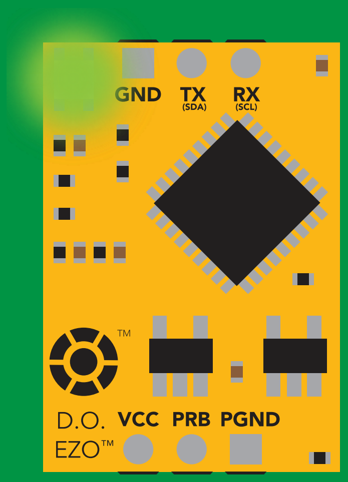
Command syntax

Locks device to UART mode.

Plock,1	<cr>	enable Plock	
Plock,0	<cr>	disable Plock	default
Plock,?	<cr>	Plock on/off?	

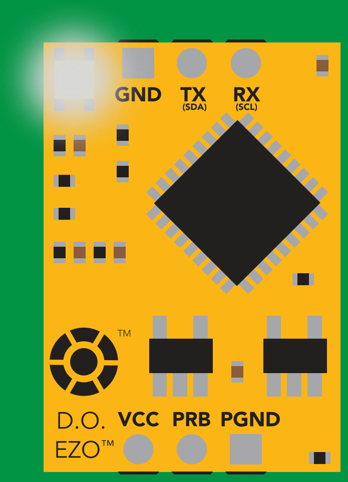
Example	Response
Plock,1 <cr>	*OK <cr>
Plock,0 <cr>	*OK <cr>
Plock,? <cr>	?Plock,1 <cr> or ?Plock,0 <cr>

Plock,1



*OK <cr>

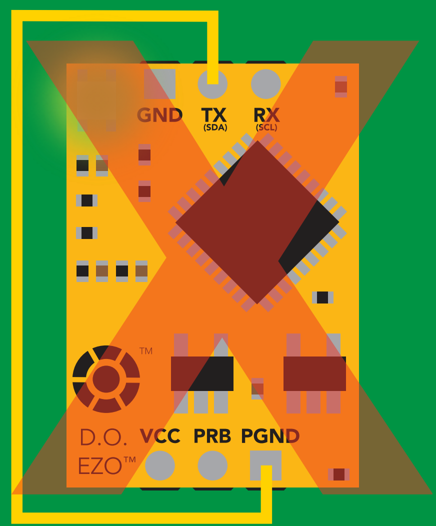
I2C,100



cannot change to I^2C

*ER <cr>

Short



cannot change to I^2C

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Factory reset

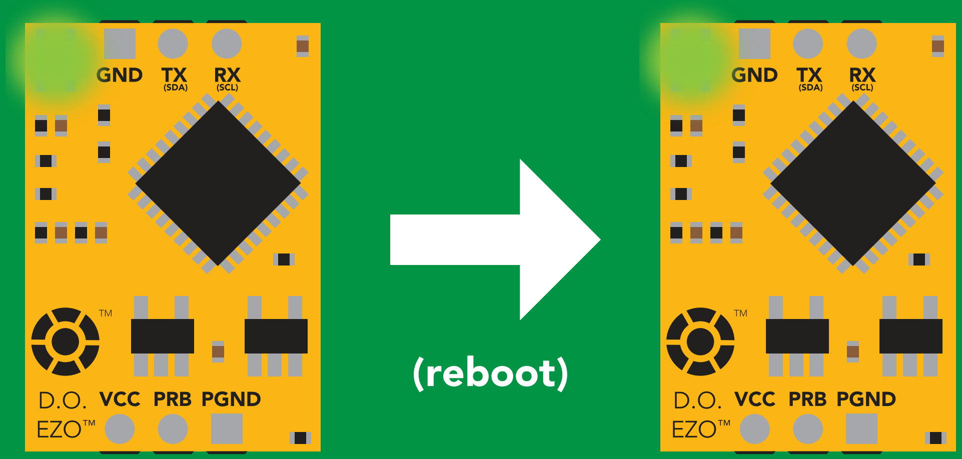
Command syntax

Clears calibration
LED on
"*OK" enabled

Factory	<cr>	**enable factory reset**

Example	Response
Factory <cr>	*OK <cr>

Factory <cr>



*OK <cr>

*RS <cr>
*RE <cr>

Baud rate will not change

Change to I^{2}C mode

Command syntax

Default I^{2}C address 97 (0x61)

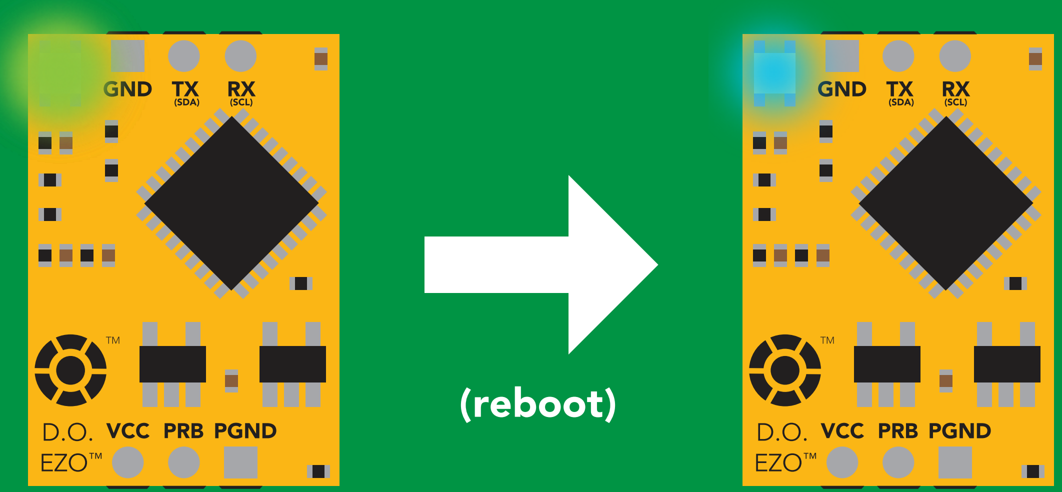
I2C,n <cr> sets I^{2}C address and reboots into I^{2}C mode

n = any number 1 – 127

Example	Response
I2C,100 <cr>	*OK (reboot in I^{2}C mode)

Wrong example	Response
I2C,139 <cr> $n \ngtr 127$	*ER <cr>

I2C,100



Green
*OK <cr>

Blue
now in I^{2}C mode

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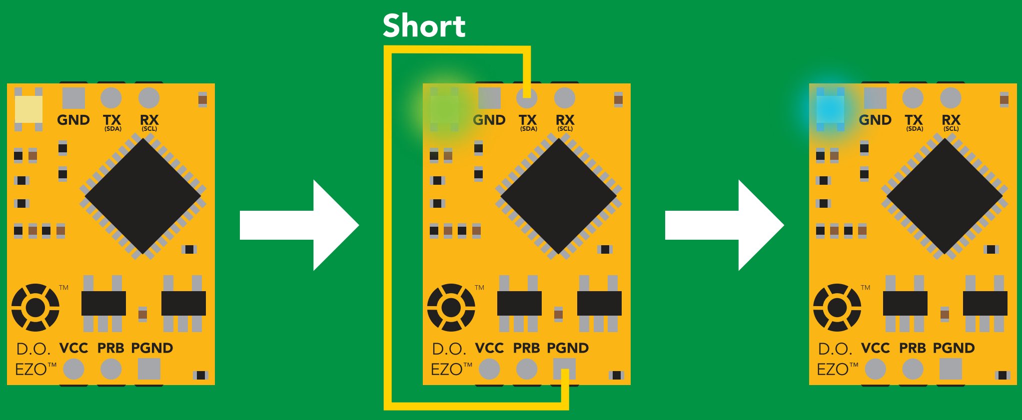
Manual switching to I²C

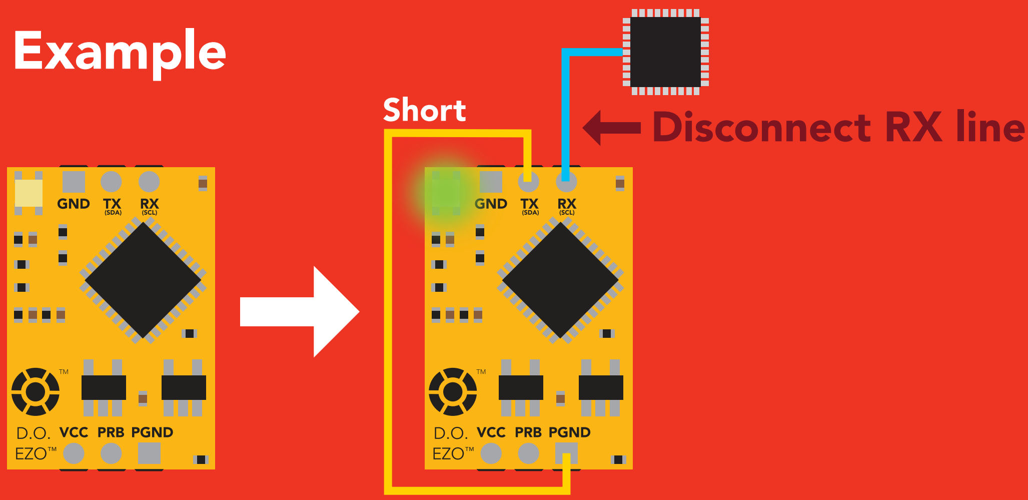
- Make sure Plock is set to 0
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to PGND
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Green to Blue
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

Manually switching to I²C will set the I²C address to 97 (0x61)

Example



Wrong Example



I^2C mode

The I^2C protocol is *considerably more complex* than the UART (RS–232) protocol. Atlas Scientific assumes the embedded systems engineer understands this protocol.

To set your EZO™ device into I^2C mode click here

Settings that are retained if power is cut

Calibration
Change I^2C address
Enable/disable parameters
Hardware switch to UART mode
LED control
Protocol lock
Software switch to UART mode

Settings that are *NOT* retained if power is cut

Find
Pressure compensation
Salinity compensation
Sleep mode
Temperature compensation

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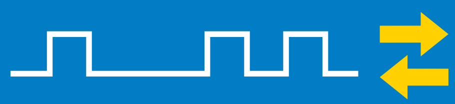
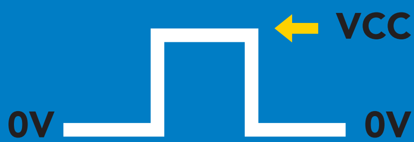
I²C mode

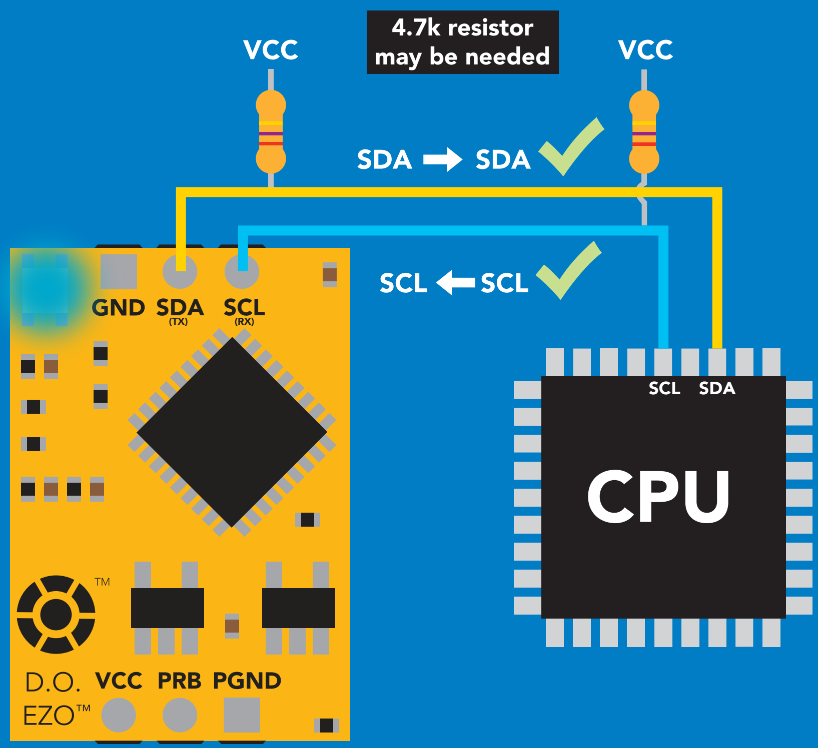
I²C address	(0x01 – 0x7F) **97 (0x61) default**
Vcc	3.3V – 5.5V
Clock speed	100 – 400 kHz

SDA



SCL





Data format

Reading	D.O.
Units	mg/L & (% sat) when enabled
Encoding	ASCII
Format	string (CSV string when % sat is enabled)
Terminator	carriage return

Data type	floating point
Decimal places	mg/L = 2 % sat = 1
Smallest string	4 characters
Largest string	16 characters

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Sending commands to device

5 parts

Start | I²C address | Write | Command (not case sensitive) | Stop

I²C address: 97 (0x61)

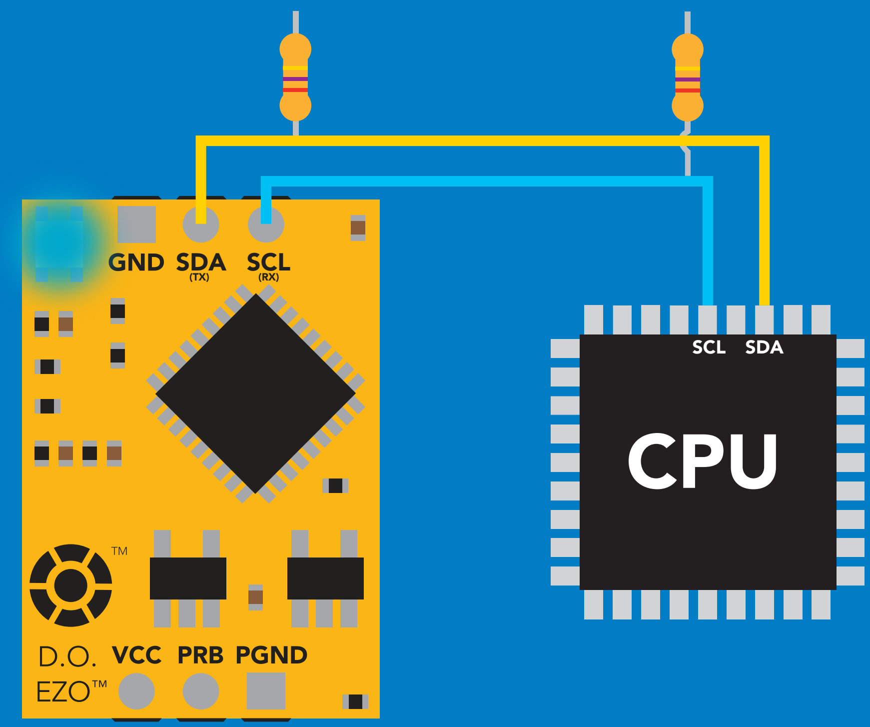
Command: ASCII command string

Example

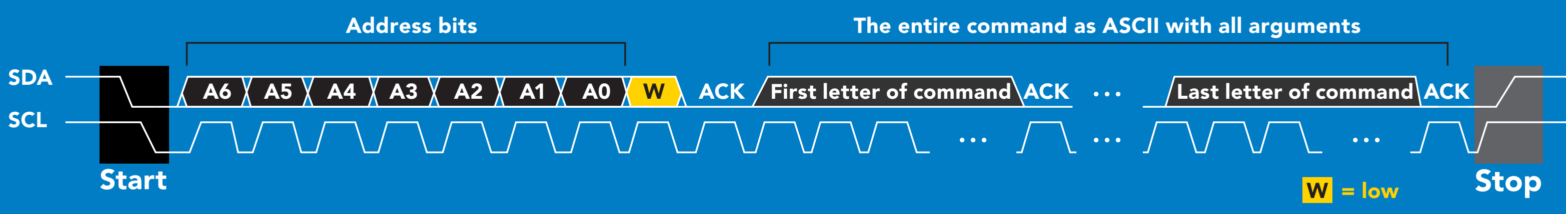
Start | 97 (0x61) | Write | Sleep | Stop

97 (0x61): I²C address

Sleep: Command



Advanced



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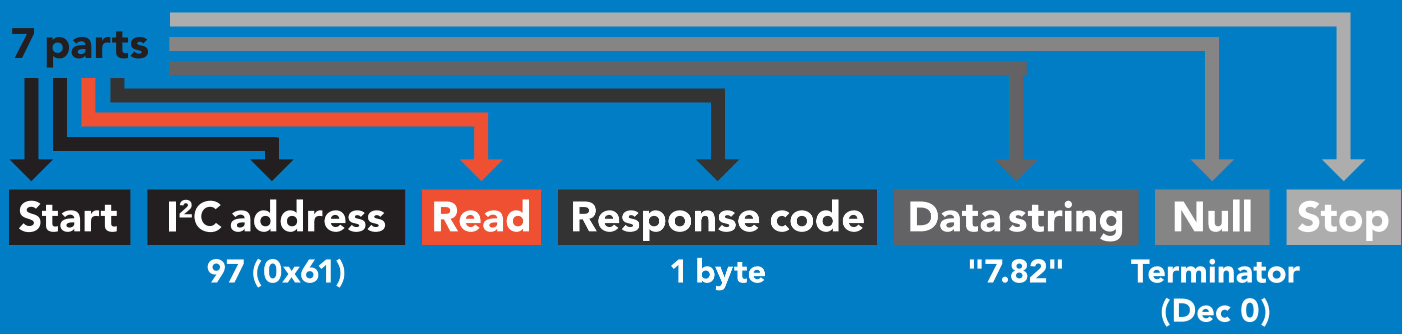
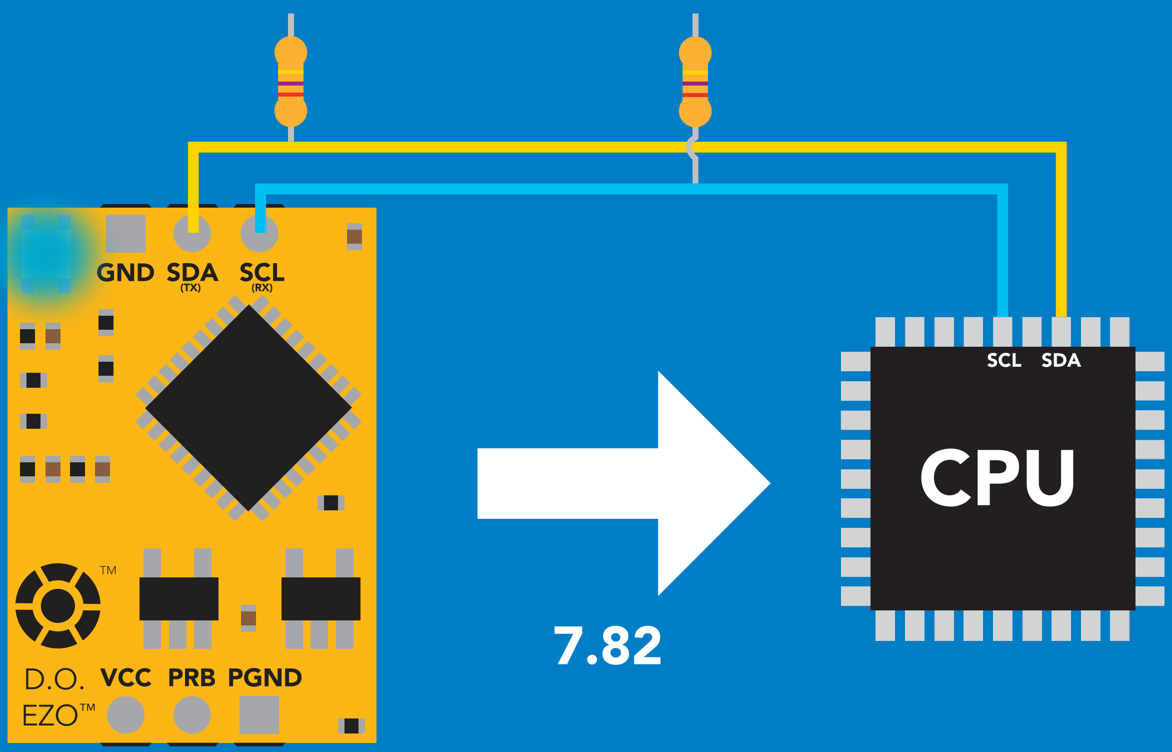
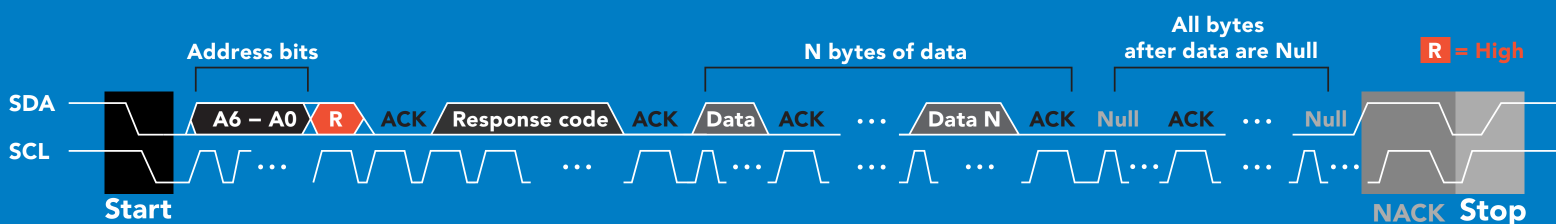
r 0.1

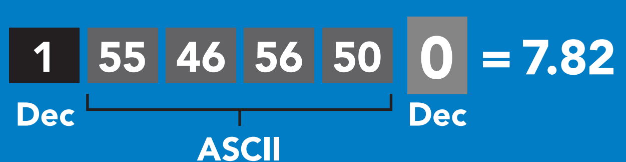
Requesting data from device





Advanced

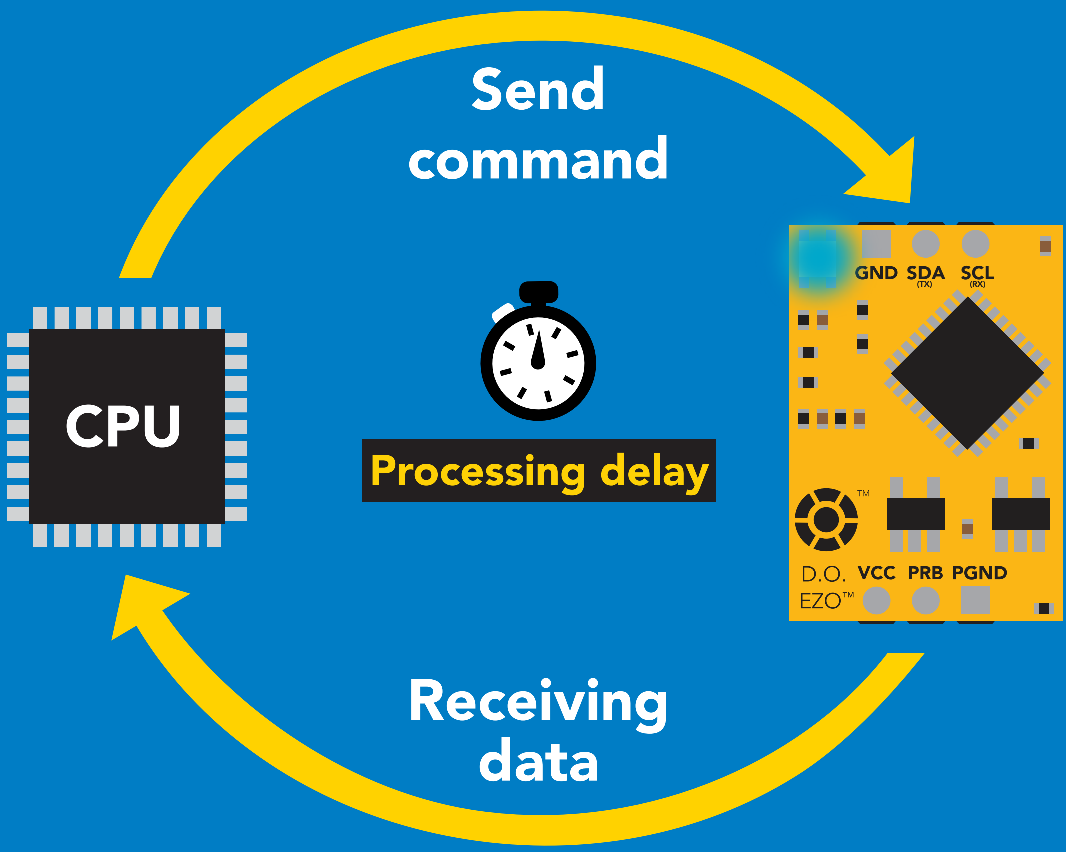




Response codes

After a command has been issued, a 1 byte response code can be read in order to confirm that the command was processed successfully.

Reading back the response code is completely optional, and is not required for normal operation.



Example

```
I2C_start;
I2C_address;
I2C_write(EZO_command);
I2C_stop;

delay(300);   Processing delay

I2C_start;
I2C_address;
Char[ ] = I2C_read;
I2C_stop;
```

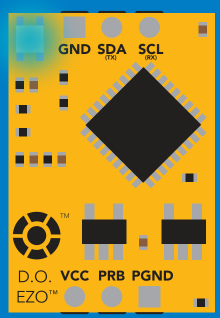
The response code will always be 254, if you do not wait for the processing delay.

Response codes

Single byte, not string

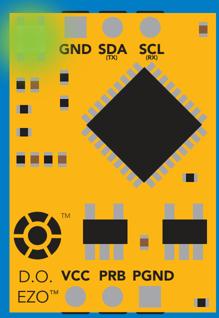
255	no data to send
254	still processing, not ready
2	syntax error
1	successful request

LED color definition



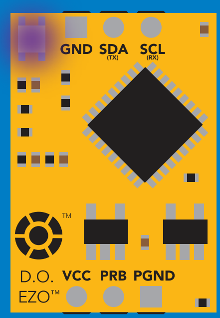
Blue

I²C standby



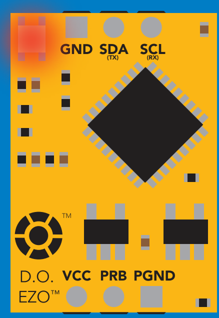
Green

Taking reading



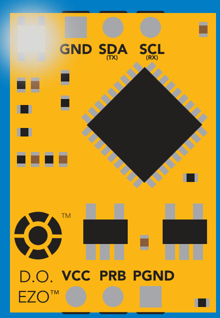
Purple

Changing I²C ID#



Red

Command not understood



White

Find

	LED ON
5V	**+0.4 mA**
3.3V	**+0.2 mA**

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r 0.1

I^2C mode
command quick reference

All commands are ASCII strings or single ASCII characters.

Command	Function	
Baud	change back to UART mode	pg. 62
Cal	performs calibration	pg. 50
Export/import	export/import calibration	pg. 51
Factory	enable factory reset	pg. 61
Find	finds device with blinking white LED	pg. 48
i	device information	pg. 56
I2C	change I^2C address	pg. 62
L	enable/disable LED	pg. 47
O	removing parameters	pg. 55
P	pressure compensation	pg. 54
Plock	enable/disable protocol lock	pg. 59
R	returns a single reading	pg. 49
S	salinity compensation	pg. 53
Sleep	enter sleep mode/low power	pg. 58
Status	retrieve status information	pg. 57
T	temperature compensation	pg. 52

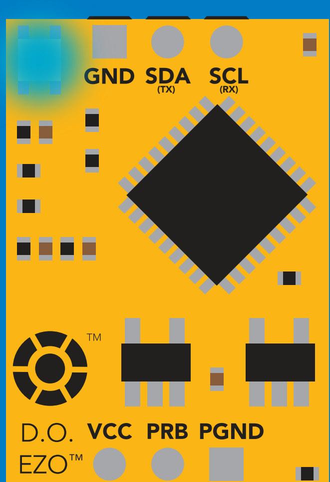
LED control

Command syntax

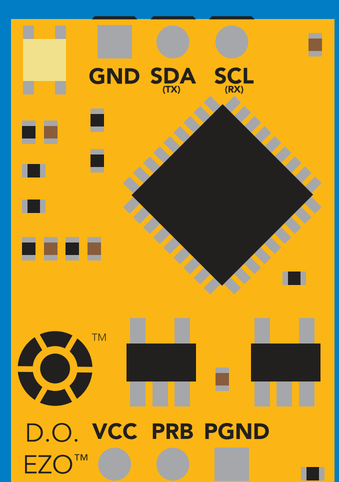
300ms processing delay

L,1	LED on	default
L,0	LED off	
L,?	LED state on/off?	

Example	Response
L,1	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
L,0	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
L,?	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?L,1 (ASCII) 0 (Null) or 1 (Dec) ?L,0 (ASCII) 0 (Null)



L,1



L,0

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Find

300ms processing delay

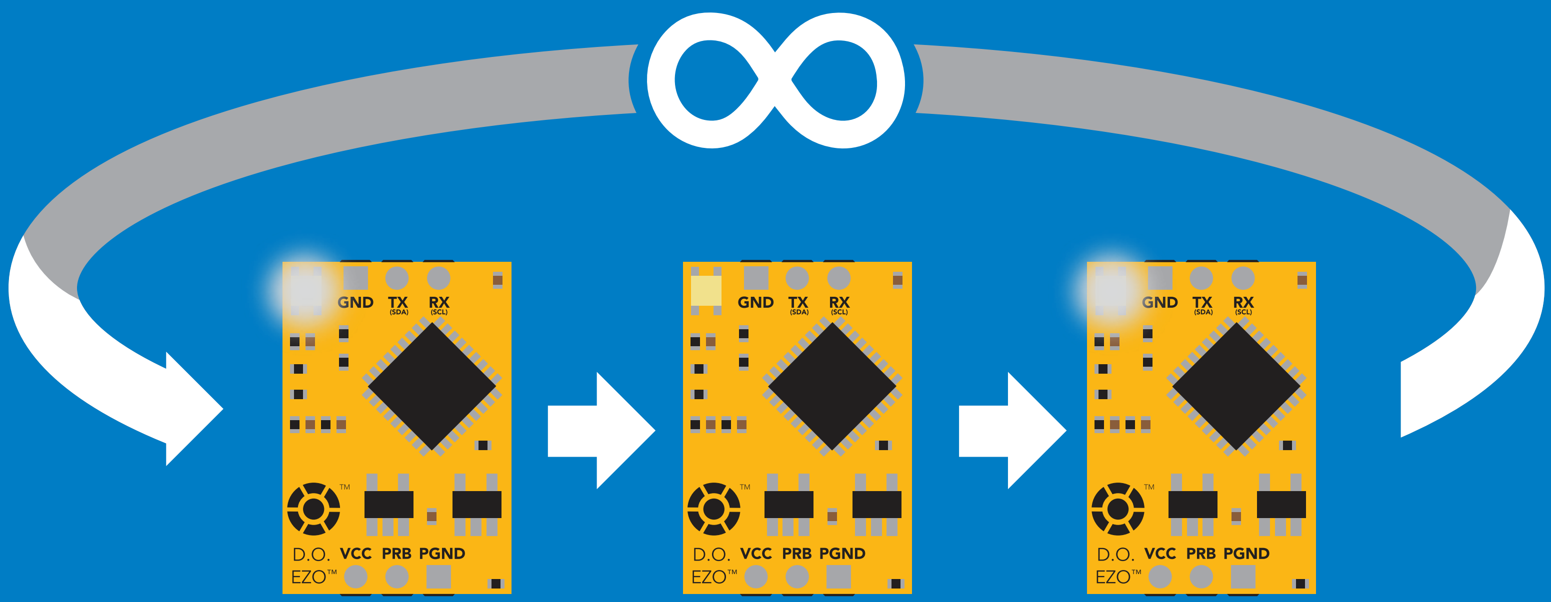
Command syntax

This command will disable continuous mode
Send any character or command to terminate find.

Find <cr> LED rapidly blinks white, used to help find device*

*This command is only available for firmware version 2.10 and above.

Example	Response
Find <cr>	Wait 300ms 1 Dec 0 Null



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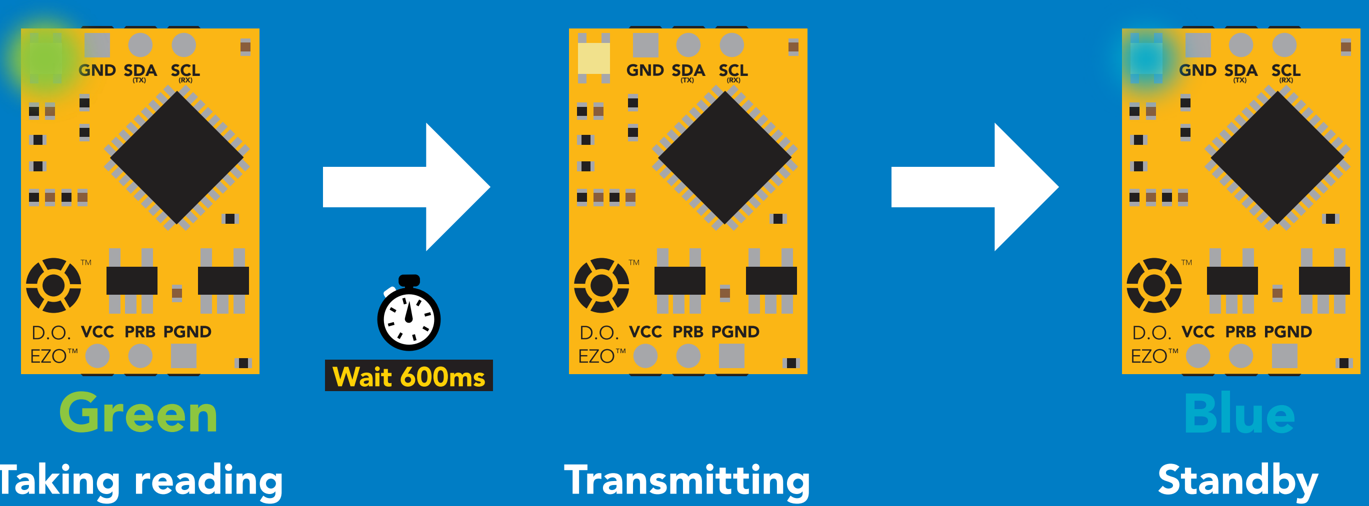
Taking reading

Command syntax

600ms processing delay

R return 1 reading

Example	Response
R	Wait 600ms — 1 (Dec) 7.82 (ASCII) 0 (Null)



Calibration

Command syntax

1300ms processing delay

Cal	calibrate to atmospheric oxygen levels
Cal,0	calibrate device to 0 dissolved oxygen
Cal,clear	delete calibration data
Cal,?	device calibrated?

The EZO™ Dissolved Oxygen circuit uses single and/or two point calibration

Example	Response
Cal	Wait 1300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
Cal,0	Wait 1300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
Cal,clear	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
Cal,?	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?Cal,0 (ASCII) 0 (Null) **or** 1 (Dec) ?Cal,1 (ASCII) 0 (Null) **or** 1 (Dec) ?Cal,2 (ASCII) 0 (Null)

Export/import calibration

Command syntax

Export: Use this command to save calibration settings
Import: Use this command to load calibration settings to one or more devices.

Export	export calibration string from calibrated device*
Import	import calibration string to new device*
Export,?	calibration string info*

300ms processing delay

*This command is only available for firmware version 2.10 and above.

Example	Response
Export,?	Wait 300ms 1 (Dec) 10,120 (ASCII) 0 (Null) **Response breakdown** 10, 120 # of strings to export, # of bytes to export Export strings can be up to 12 characters long
Export	Wait 300ms 1 (Dec) 59 6F 75 20 61 72 (ASCII) 0 (Null) (1 of 10) **Export** Wait 300ms 1 (Dec) 65 20 61 20 63 6F (ASCII) 0 (Null) (2 of 10) ...
Import, n (FIFO)	Import, 59 6F 75 20 61 72 (ASCII) (1 of 10) ...

Temperature compensation

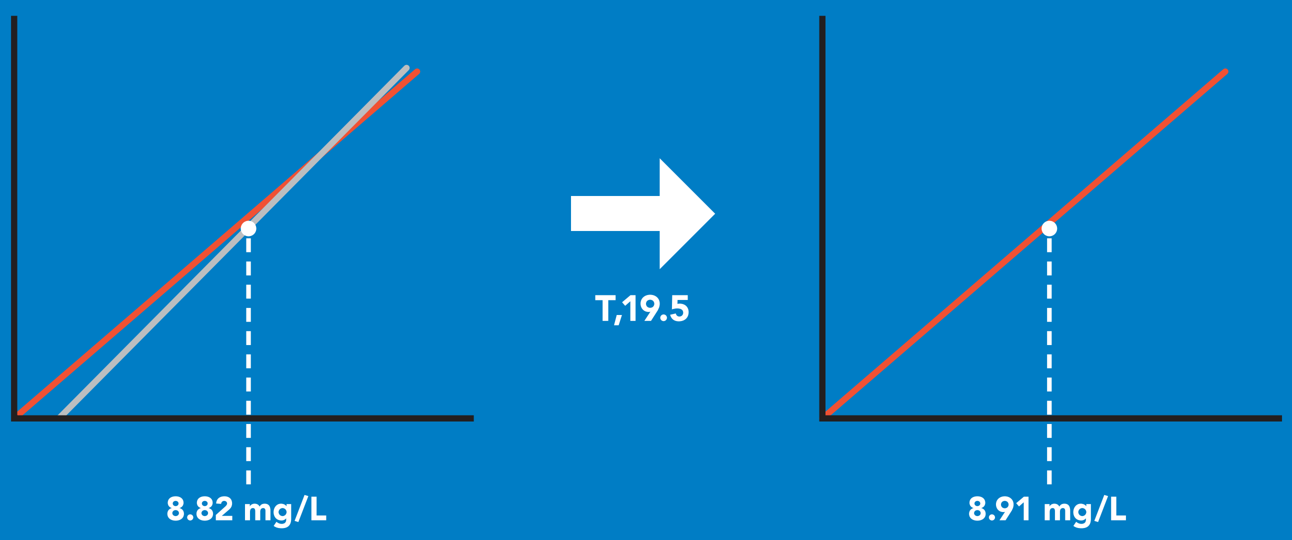
Command syntax

300ms processing delay

T,n	n = any value; floating point or int
T,?	compensated temperature value?

Temperature is always in Celsius

Example	Response
T,19.5	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
T,?	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?T,19.5 (ASCII) 0 (Null)



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Salinity compensation

Command syntax

300ms processing delay

S,n	n = any value in microsiemens	default
S,n,ppt	n = any value in ppt	
S,?	compensated salinity value?	

Example	Response
S,50000	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
S,37.5,ppt	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
S,?	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?S,50000,μS (ASCII) 0 (Null) **or** 1 (Dec) ?S,37.5,ppt (ASCII) 0 (Null)

If the conductivity of your water is less than 2,500μS this command is irrelevant

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Pressure compensation

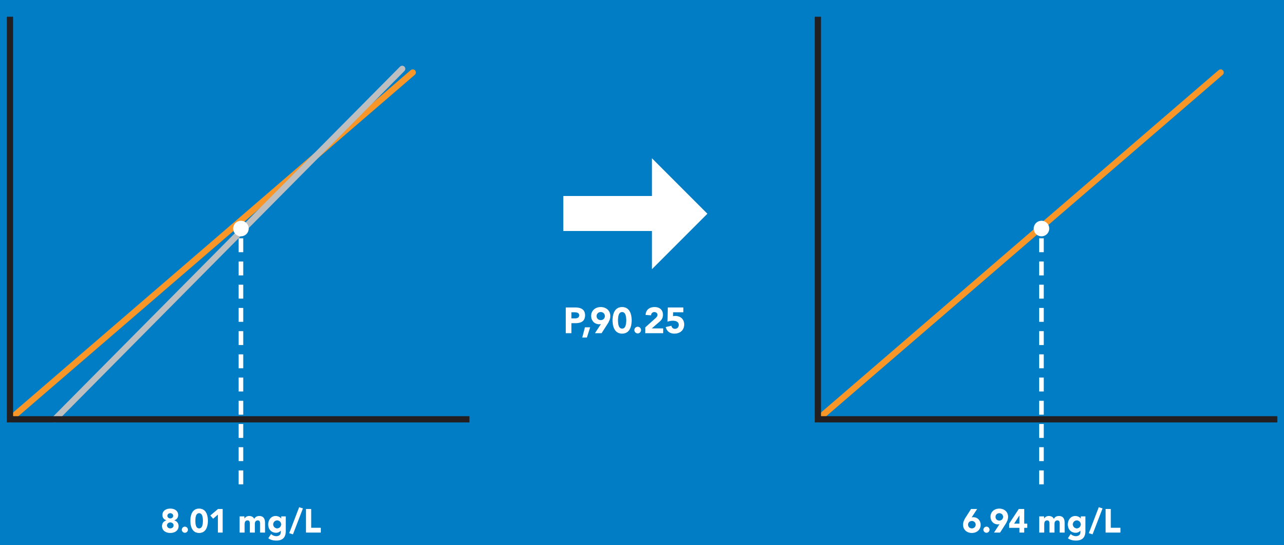
Command syntax

300ms processing delay

P,n	n = any value in kPa
P,?	compensated pressure value?

This parameter can be omitted if the water is less than 10 meters deep

Example	Response
P,90.25	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
P,?	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?,P,90.25 (ASCII) 0 (Null)



Enable/disable parameters from output string

Command syntax

300ms processing delay

O, [parameter],[1,0]	enable or disable output parameter
O,?	enabled parameter?

Example	Response	
O,mg,1 / O,mg,0	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)	enable / disable mg/L
O,%,1 / O,%,0	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)	enable / disable percent saturation
O,?	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?,O,%,mg (ASCII) 0 (Null)	if both are enabled

Parameters

mg	mg/L
%	percent saturation

Followed by 1 or 0

1	enabled
0	disabled

* If you disable all possible data types your readings will display "no output".

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Device information

Command syntax

300ms processing delay

i	device information

Example	Response
i	Wait 300ms · 1 (Dec) · ?i,D.O.,1.98 (ASCII) · 0 (Null)

Response breakdown

?i, D.O., 1.98

D.O. → Device

1.98 → Firmware

Reading device status

Command syntax

300ms processing delay

Status	**voltage at Vcc pin and reason for last restart**

Example	Response
Status	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?Status,P,5.038 (ASCII) 0 (Null)

Response breakdown

?Status,	P,	5.038
	Reason for restart	Voltage at Vcc

Restart codes

P	powered off
S	software reset
B	brown out
W	watchdog
U	unknown

Sleep mode/low power

Command syntax

Sleep enter sleep mode/low power

Send any character or command to awaken device.

Example	Response
Sleep	no response
Any command	wakes up device

Do not read status byte after issuing sleep command.

	STANDBY	SLEEP
5V	13.1 mA	0.66 mA
3.3V	12 mA	0.3 mA

Standby

Sleep

AtlasScientific Environmental Robotics

Protocol lock

Command syntax

300ms processing delay

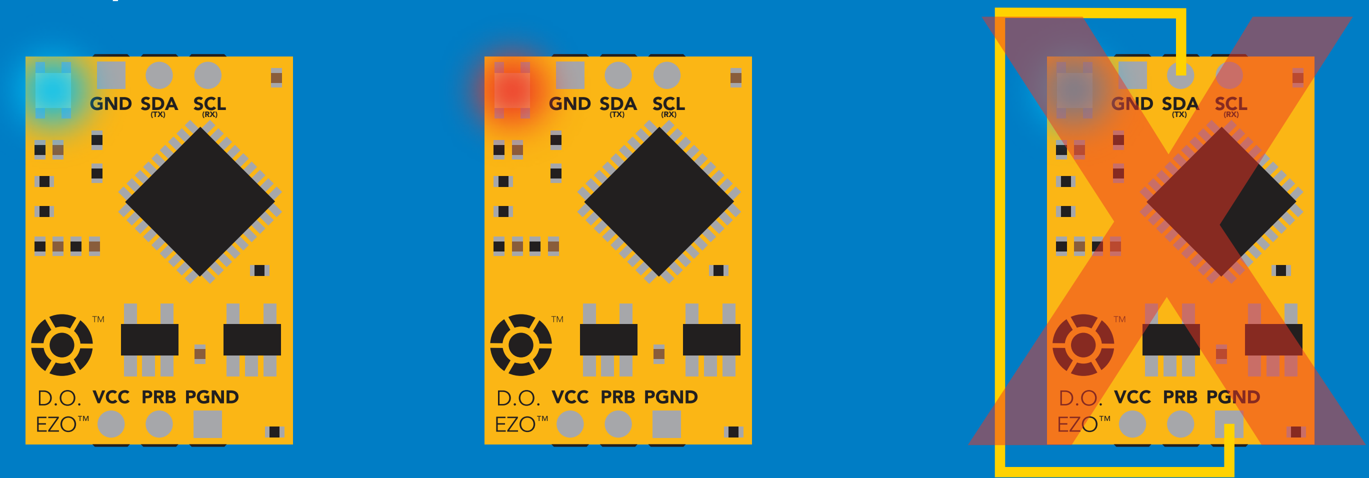
Plock,1	enable Plock	
Plock,0	disable Plock	default
Plock,?	Plock on/off?	

Locks device to I²C mode.

Example	Response
Plock,1	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
Plock,0	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) 0 (Null)
Plock,?	Wait 300ms — 1 (Dec) ?Plock,1 (ASCII) 0 (Null)

Plock,1

Serial, 9600



cannot change to UART

cannot change to UART

I²C address change

Command syntax

300ms processing delay

I2C,n sets I²C address and reboots into I²C mode

Example	Response
I2C,100	device reboot

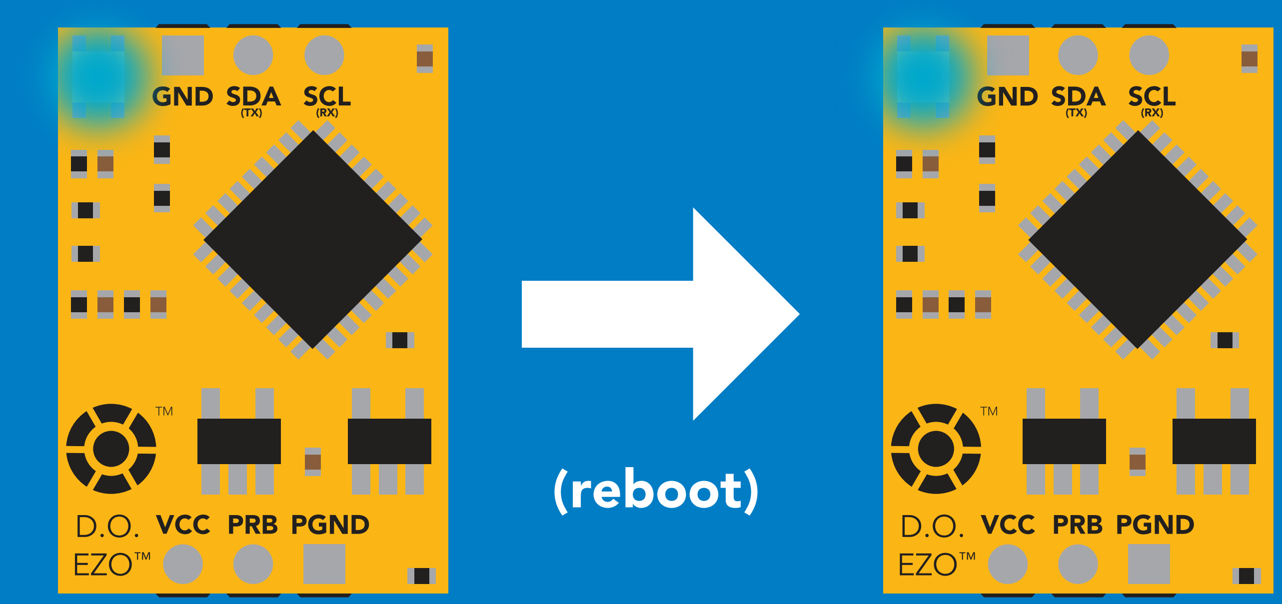
Warning!

Changing the I²C address will prevent communication between the circuit and the CPU, until your CPU is updated with the new I²C address.

Default I²C address is 97 (0x61).

n = any number 1 – 127

I2C,100



Factory reset

Command syntax

Factory reset will not take the device out of I²C mode.

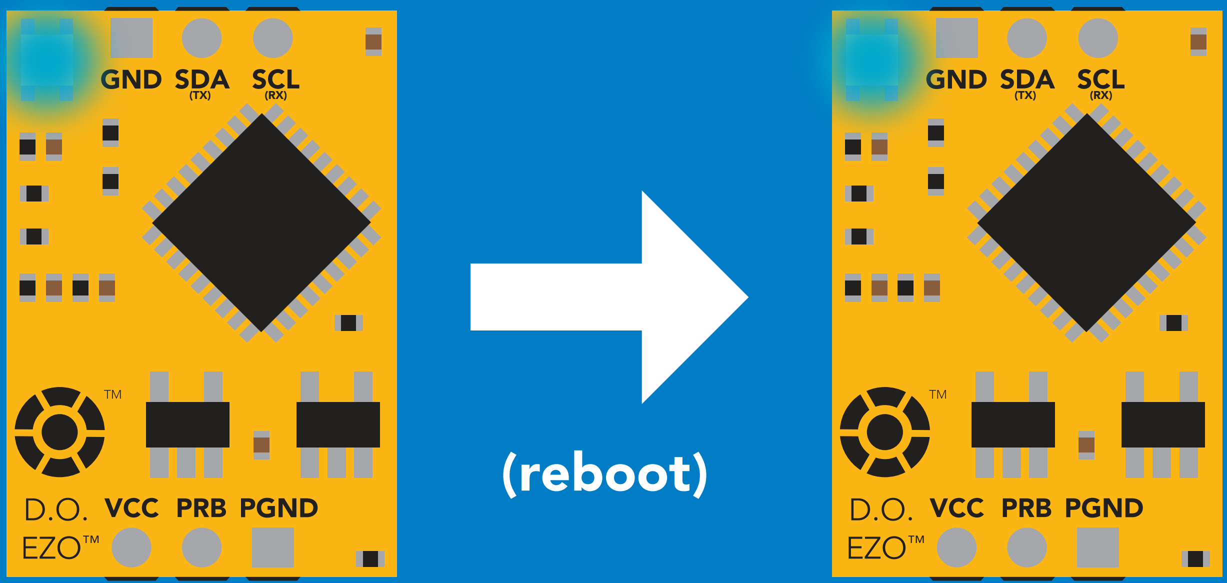
Factory	enable factory reset

I²C address will not change

Example	Response
Factory	device reboot

Clears calibration
LED on
Response codes enabled

Factory



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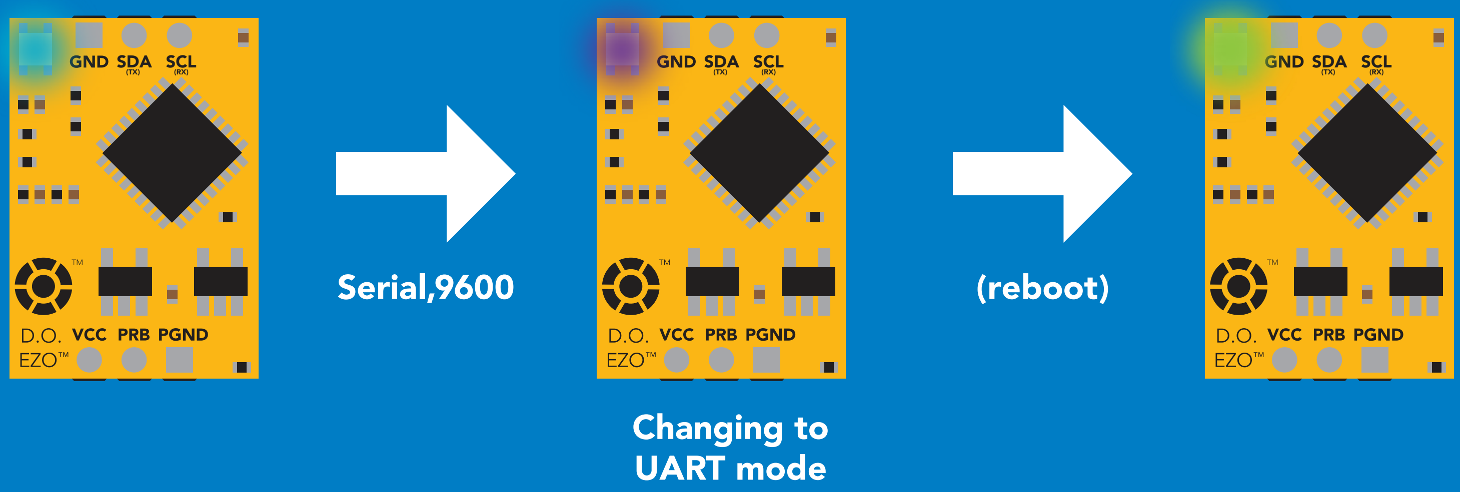
Change to UART mode

Command syntax

Baud,n	**switch from I²C to UART**

Example	Response
Baud,9600	reboot in UART mode

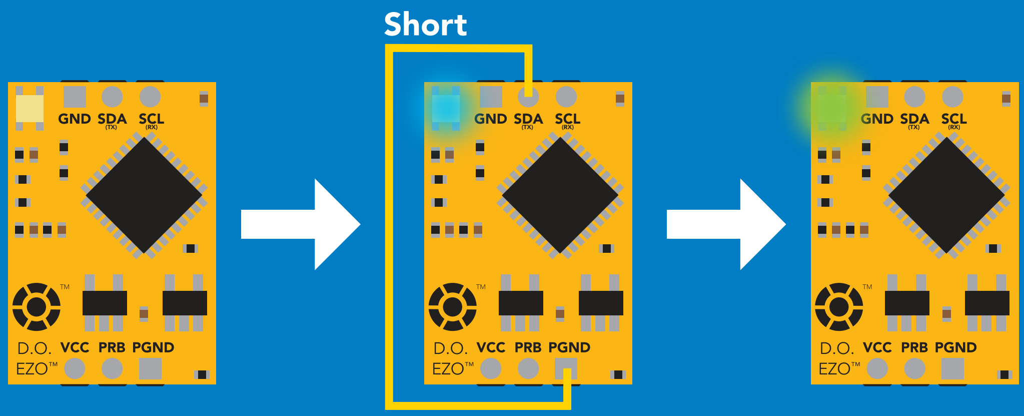
n =
- 300
- 1200
- 2400
- 9600
- 19200
- 38400
- 57600
- 115200



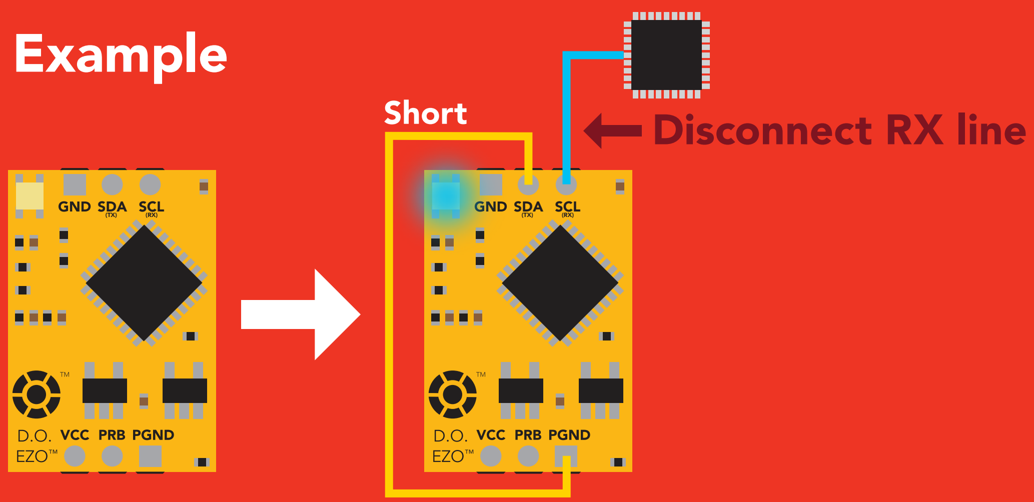
Manual switching to UART

- Make sure Plock is set to 0
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Disconnect TX and RX
- Connect TX to PGND
- Confirm RX is disconnected
- Connect ground (power on)
- Wait for LED to change from Blue to Green
- Disconnect ground (power off)
- Reconnect all data and power

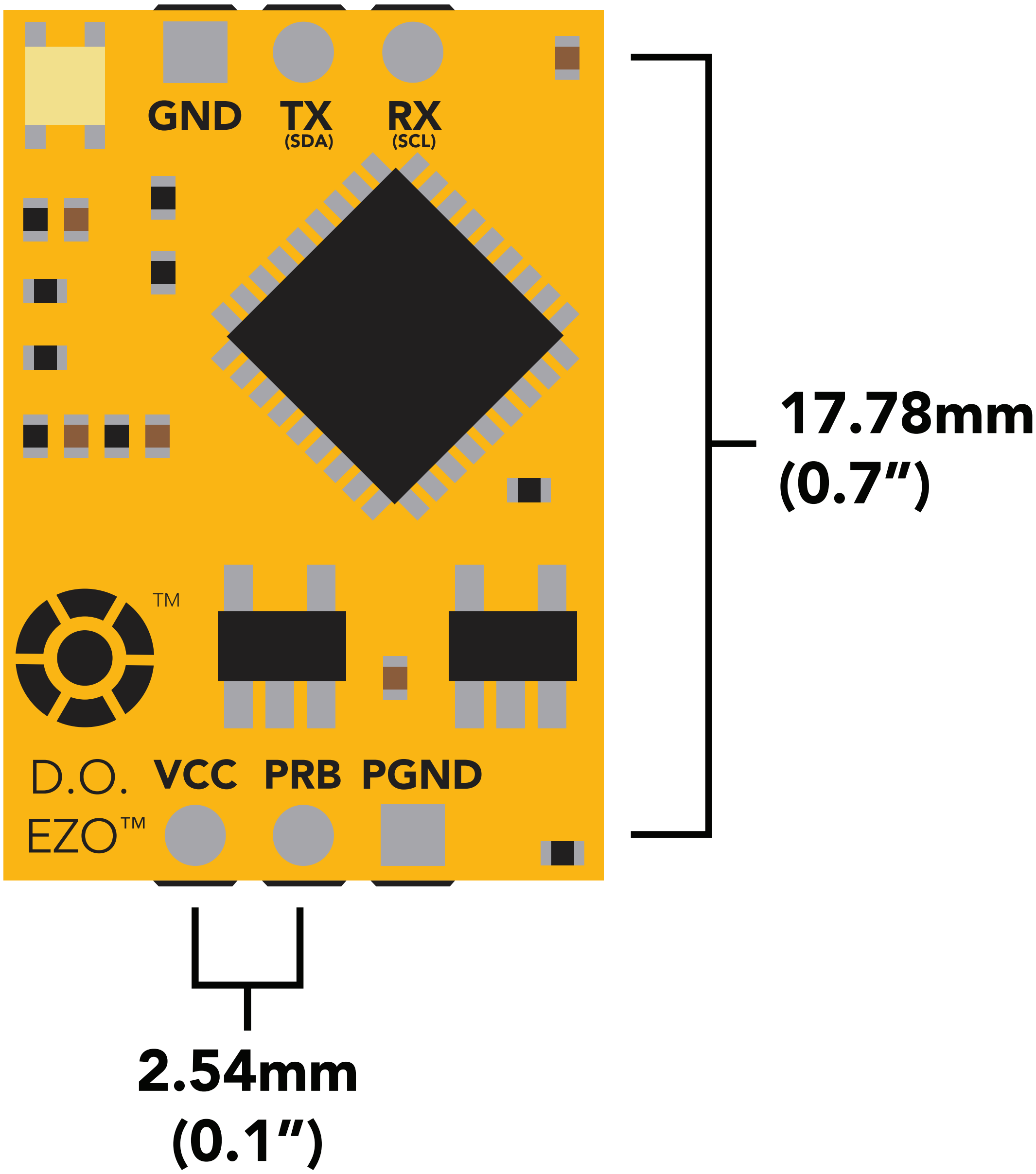
Example



Wrong Example



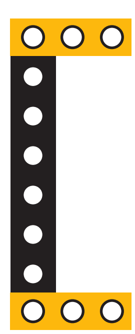
EZO™ circuit footprint

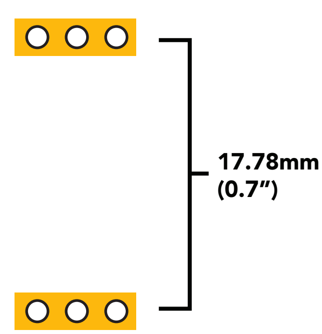


1 In your CAD software place an 8 position header.

2 Place a 3 position header at both top and bottom of the 8 position.

3 Delete the 8 position header. The two 3 position headers are now 17.78mm (0.7") apart from each other.





Datasheet change log

Datasheet V 4.2

Revised definition of response codes on pg 44.

Datasheet V 4.1

Updated firmware changes on pg. 66.

Datasheet V 4.0

Revised Enable/disable parameters information on pages 29 & 55.

Datasheet V 3.9

Revised information on cover page.

Datasheet V 3.8

Update firmware changes on pg. 66.

Datasheet V 3.7

Revised Plock pages to show default value.

Datasheet V 3.6

Added new commands:
"Find" pages 21 & 48.
"Export/Import calibration" pages 25 & 51.
Added new feature to continous mode "C,n" pg 22.

Datasheet V 3.5

Added accuracy range on cover page, and revised isolation info on pg. 10.

Datasheet V 3.4

Added manual switching to UART information on pg. 59.

Datasheet V 3.3

Updated firmware changes to refeclt V1.99 update.

Datasheet V 3.2

Revised entire datasheet.

Firmware updates

V1.1 – Initial release (Oct 30, 2014)
• Change output to mg/L, then percentage (was previously percentage, then mg/L).

V1.5 – Baud rate change (Nov 6, 2014)
• Change default baud rate to 9600

V1.6 – I^2C bug (Dec 1, 2014)
• Fixed I^2C bug where the circuit may inappropriately respond when other I^2C devices are connected.

V1.7 – Factory (April 14, 2015)
• Changed "X" command to "Factory"

V1.95 – Plock (March 31, 2016)
• Added protocol lock feature "Plock"

V1.96 – EEPROM (April 26, 2016)
• Fixed glitch where EEPROM would get erased if the circuit lost power 900ms into startup.

V1.97 – EEPROM (Oct 10, 2016)
• Fixed glitch in the cal clear command, improves how it calculates the DO, adds calibration saving and loading.

V1.98 – EEPROM (Nov 14, 2016)
• Updated firmware for new circuit design.

V1.99 – (Feb 2, 2017)
• Revised "O" command to accept mg.

V2.10 – (April 12, 2017)
• Added "Find" command.
• Added "Export/import" command.
• Modified continuous mode to be able to send readings every "n" seconds.

V2.11 – (Sept 28, 2017)
• Fixed glitch where the temperature would default to 0 on startup.

V2.12 – (Dec 19, 2017)
• Improved accuracy of dissolved oxygen equations.

Warranty

Atlas Scientific™ Warranties the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit to be free of defect during the debugging phase of device implementation, or 30 days after receiving the EZO™class Dissolved Oxygen circuit (which ever comes first).

The debugging phase

The debugging phase as defined by Atlas Scientific™ is the time period when the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit is inserted into a bread board, or shield. If the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit is being debugged in a bread board, the bread board must be devoid of other components. If the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit is being connected to a microcontroller, the microcontroller must be running code that has been designed to drive the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit exclusively and output the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit data as a serial string.

It is important for the embedded systems engineer to keep in mind that the following activities will void the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit warranty:

- **Soldering any part of the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit.**
- **Running any code, that does not exclusively drive the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit and output its data in a serial string.**
- **Embedding the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit into a custom made device.**
- **Removing any potting compound.**

Reasoning behind this warranty

Because Atlas Scientific™ does not sell consumer electronics; once the device has been embedded into a custom made system, Atlas Scientific™ cannot possibly warranty the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit, against the thousands of possible variables that may cause the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuit to no longer function properly.

Please keep this in mind:

1. **All Atlas Scientific™ devices have been designed to be embedded into a custom made system by you, the embedded systems engineer.**

2. **All Atlas Scientific™ devices have been designed to run indefinitely without failure in the field.**

3. **All Atlas Scientific™ devices can be soldered into place, however you do so at your own risk.**

Atlas Scientific™ is simply stating that once the device is being used in your application, Atlas Scientific™ can no longer take responsibility for the EZO™ class Dissolved Oxygen circuits continued operation. This is because that would be equivalent to Atlas Scientific™ taking responsibility over the correct operation of your entire device.

